SmarTone

SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited

Stock Code: 0315

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

SmarTone 5G Best Connectivity





ABOUT US

SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited (0315.HK), listed in Hong Kong since 1996 and a subsidiary of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited, is a leading telecommunications provider with operating subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Macau, offering voice, multimedia and mobile broadband services, as well as fixed fibre broadband services for both consumer and corporate markets. SmarTone spearheaded 5G development in Hong Kong since May 2020, with the launch of its territory-wide 5G services.

SmarTone is your smart partner that delivers a trusted and connected experience through our high-quality network, people-driven products and services combined with innovation, passion and understanding of customer needs.

SmarTone differentiates our content, excellent customer service, business and consumer products for all our Hong Kong customers, allowing them to live and feel smarter everyday. This strong presence is also backed by expert technical know-how, over 30 stores across Hong Kong, our 5 core brands and our innovative business strategies arm.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

CONTENTS

Directors and Corporate Information	2
Financial Highlights	3
Business Highlights	۷
Chairman's Statement	3
Management Discussion and Analysis	10
Corporate Governance Report	13
Environmental, Social and Governance Report	27
Report of the Directors	41
Directors Profile	60
Staff Engagement	68
Community Engagement	69
Group Financial Summary	72
Independent Auditor's Report	73
Consolidated Profit and Loss Account	78
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	79
Consolidated Balance Sheet	80
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	82
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	84
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	86

DIRECTORS AND CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

- Mr. KWOK Ping-luen, Raymond Chairman
- * Mr. CHEUNG Wing-yui

 Deputy Chairman

 Mr. FUNG Yuk-lun, Allen

 Deputy Chairman

 Ms. LALL Youk-bung, Fiona
 - Ms. LAU Yeuk-hung, Fiona Chief Executive Officer
 - Mr. CHAU Kam-kun, Stephen
- Mr. David Norman PRINCE
- * Mr. SIU Hon-wah, Thomas
- ** Dr. LI Ka-cheung, Eric, JP
- ** Mr. NG Leung-sing, JP
- ** Mr. GAN Fock-kin, Eric
- ** Mr. LAM Kwok-fung, Kenny
- ** Mr. LEE Yau-tat, Samuel
- ** Mr. Peter KUNG
- * Non-Executive Director
- ** Independent Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

Mr. MAK Yau-hing, Alvin

Authorized Representatives

Ms. LAU Yeuk-hung, Fiona Mr. MAK Yau-hing, Alvin

Registered Office

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business

31st Floor, Millennium City 2 378 Kwun Tong Road, Kwun Tong Kowloon, Hong Kong

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants and Registered
Public Interest Entity Auditor
22nd Floor, Prince's Building
10 Chater Road, Hong Kong

Hong Kong Share Registrar

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North, Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda

Principal Bankers

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Sang Bank Limited

Legal Advisors to the Company

As to Hong Kong law Woo Kwan Lee & Lo

As to Bermuda law Convers Dill & Pearman

Bermuda Resident Representative

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars in millions except per share amounts)

	Year ended or as at 30 June		
	2023	2022	Change
Consolidated profit and loss account			
Revenues	6,763	6,957	(3%)
Profit attributable to Company's shareholders	269	423	(36%)
Basic earnings per share (\$)	0.24	0.38	(37%)
Total dividends per share (\$)	0.32	0.30	7%
Consolidated balance sheet			
Total assets	10,898	12,581	(13%)
Current liabilities	(2,704)	(4,091)	(34%)
- Current habilities	(2,704)	(4,031)	(54 70)
Total assets less current liabilities	8,194	8,490	(3%)
Non-current liabilities	(3,110)	(3,336)	(7%)
Net assets	5,084	5,154	(1%)
Share capital	111	111	0%
Reserves	4,973	5,043	(1%)
Total equity attributable to the Company's shareholders	5,084	5,154	(1%)
	Year ended 30) June	
	2023	2022	Change
Consolidated cash flows			
Net cash inflow from operating activities	2,254	2,036	11%
Interest received	81	36	127%
Payment for purchase of fixed assets	(709)	(712)	0%
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	24	62	(62%)
Payment of spectrum utilization fee	(220)	(253)	(13%)
Dividends paid	(332)	(333)	0%
Repayment of bank borrowings (net)	(19)	(96)	(80%)
Redemption of notes payables	(1,427)	_	N/A
Principal elements of lease payments	(639)	(660)	(3%)
Issue of shares	5	_	N/A
Payment for repurchase of shares	(1)	(22)	(93%)
Others	(2)	(12)	(90%)
Net (decrease)/increase in short-term bank deposits,			
and cash and cash equivalents	(985)	46	N/A

Drive for digital transformation to accelerate 5G development in Hong Kong

1. Technology Leadership

To enhance our customers' network experience, SmarTone has been conducting exclusive network upgrade projects in major infrastructures and popular event venues like the Central Harbourfront Event Space. The recent deployment of our exclusive 850MHz frequency band across all of the busiest MTR stations in Hong Kong has significantly increased our network capacity to provide customers with a fast, smooth, and stable network experience on the go, even during peak hours. SmarTone has now pioneered the full 5G network coverage in all 23 road tunnels, as well as major routes, and all MTR stations in Hong Kong.







SmarTone were recognised for our strong network performance by global authoritative agency OpenSignal, including being the sole winner in "Coverage Availability" and "Core Consistent Quality". We were ranked the "Strongest Communications Brand in Hong Kong" by global independent research and consulting agency Kantar. SmarTone was also the only mobile operator among more than a hundred of renowned brands in Hong Kong to be recognised the "Top Ten Strongest Brands in Hong Kong".



2. Empowering Innovation

SmarTone Solutions pioneers the development of 5G technology and helps enterprises integrate emerging technologies for digital transformations and propel Hong Kong's smart city development.



SmarTone Home 5G Broadband successfully redefined the home broadband market and penetrated village houses and Chinese mansion households enduring slow speed narrowband connections. We are also the first operator in the market to launch a smartphone app to assist customers to search for the best location to place their 5G routers at home to enjoy the best Home 5G Broadband experience.





3. Customer-Centric Strategy

SmarTone has always placed great importance on network security. We offer an array of cybersecurity services, including "Add-on Numbers", "Data Guard" and "Call Guard", to safeguard our customer from falling victim to scams. Among them, Call Guard has successfully blocked over 280,000,000 junk calls for its users since the service launched.







To ensure SmarTone's customers enjoy high-quality roaming service during their travel trips, SmarTone conducted speed tests at various overseas locations. We also introduced different travel products which are convenient, reliable and affordable to meet different customer needs.



SmarTone has long been offering its customers a series of privileges through its loyalty programme SmarTone Plus, including birthday gifts, exclusive offers and priority access. We have also collaborated with The Point, an integrated loyalty programme by Sun Hung Kai Properties to further enhance the user experience.







4. Digitalisation

Full digital brand "Birdie" continues to partner with F&B, beauty and lifestyle brands in the city, upgrading its Birdie game to a multi-brand "Birdieverse" to offer promotions and rewards. This is more engaging with young millennials and elevates its young brand image and customer loyalty.









SmarTone has been embracing the rising need for digitalisation by offering our signature caring services online through dedicated WhatsApp channel, website and SmarTone CARE App. SmarTone Online Store was presented the "2022 Top 10 Quality E-Shop Award" by Hong Kong Retail Management Association to recognise the excellent online shopping experience it offers to customers.





CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Business review

Despite intense competition and a peak in spectrum cost of \$542 million, the Company reported a profit attributable to equity holders (excluding provision for potential financial investment loss) of \$470 million, an increase of 4% as compared to last year.

Amid the latest market conditions, a provision for potential financial investment loss on debt securities of \$201 million was recognized during this financial year. Even though these securities were acquired with the intention to be held to maturity, we have taken a prudent approach and made the provision to reflect the value of these assets based on the latest market conditions. The proposed dividend per share for this financial year is 75% payout of SmarTone's underlying profit.

During the year, SmarTone's business achieved solid results, supported by a stable ARPU. The growth in roaming and 5G Home Broadband revenue were 49% and over 100% respectively. The Company's core postpaid base continued to increase and 5G penetration reached 37% as of July 2023, representing a 9% point improvement from June 2022.

With steady increase in the global travel footprint since December 2022, SmarTone benefited from a strong roaming revenue recovery, reaching 83% of pre-pandemic level as of July 2023. While personal travel recovered quickly especially during the second half of the year, business travel has experienced a somewhat slower recovery, and we expect some further room to grow in the next few months. We believe reliability and quality of the data roaming experience have become increasingly important to customers. SmarTone will continue to work with its global partners to deliver a seamless 5G roaming experience and boost the roaming penetration among SmarTone's customers.

During the year, SmarTone 5G Home Broadband registered over 100% growth in revenue. Increasing demand continues to come from households without fiber access or those looking for a cost-effective solution without sacrificing user experience. Since entering the market in 2020, this new product line has brought in true incremental upside to our mobile business. It takes a leading position in the market as the No. 1 best preferred 5G Home Broadband provider recognized by various influential media including e-zone, PC Magazine, HK01. We expect there is continued growth for this business.

Riding on the accelerating demand for digitalization among corporates, SmarTone's Enterprise Solutions business registered double-digit percentage growth during the year. Foreseeing the potential of this market, the Company has tapped into this opportunity with a focus on industries such as construction, transportation, and property management. Drawing on strong partnerships with our parent company SHKP, SmarTone will continue to collaborate with the Group and deliver solutions specific to their needs.

Cost pressure has remained high under a challenging business operating environment. Operating expense has seen an increase with higher labor and electricity cost, although this is partially offset with savings from cell site rental renegotiation. The Company takes a long-term view and will continue to invest in growth areas such as 5G Home Broadband and Enterprise Solutions. We will step up investments into our digital capability in delivering supreme customer experience and services going forward.

Delivering superior 5G network quality remains SmarTone's key differentiation. We have taken a number of initiatives to analyze network data using the Company's proprietary machine-learning capability, with the objective to enhance individual's user experience. This has allowed us to identify spots where the coverage is suboptimal and to make improvements accordingly. Multiple journals, including DCFever, e-zone, ePrice, Mobile Magazine and Qooah, have confirmed that SmarTone delivers the fastest download speed in MTR stations. SmarTone has also been recognized as a leader in the market by one of the most trusted agencies in the industry, OpenSignal, on its technical assessment regarding network quality.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

As part of the ESG initiatives, SmarTone continued to modernize the network and in the past year has improved the energy consumption efficiency by double-digit percentage. SmarTone has also partnered with various NGOs, schools and elderly homes as part of the community outreach and engagement program. A globally renowned brand agency has recently named SmarTone as the Top 10 brands in Hong Kong. This is a testament not just to the established presence of the Company and reliability of its service over the years, but also a reflection of SmarTone's deep engagement in the community. SmarTone will continue its mission to enhance the well-being and lifestyle among citizens of Hong Kong. We will also help enterprises to accelerate their digital transformation via 5G enabled technology.

Dividend

The Board proposed a final dividend per share of 17.5 cents, making full year dividend per share of 32.0 cents. With a strong net cash position of \$1.1 billion, the Company stands to benefit from the high interest rate environment. The Company also maintains a strong equity level of \$5 billion.

Outlook

The mobile industry is expected to remain competitive with persistent price pressure. The Group will take a cautious approach in navigating the challenging macro environment while remain committed to investing resourcefully in growth areas. In support of the Government's Smart City Blueprint, the Group will make use of the latest technology and close partnership with our parent SHKP to accelerate the development of Smart City through its Enterprise Solutions business.

Spectrum cost is a major burden for SmarTone and other Hong Kong operators. SmarTone welcomes the Financial Secretary's understanding and the proposal to grant tax deductibility for future spectrum cost. But this will only apply to new spectrum and does not help the situation with spectrum already granted. The Company objects to such an arrangement as this spectrum cost was historically tax deductible and is a real operating cost essential to network operations. The total tax deduction impact on the spectrum held by SmarTone up to 30 June 2023 has already amounted to \$500 million. This will continue to incur a further tax burden of approximately \$60 million every year going forward. This non-deductibility on tax deters operators from making further investment into Hong Kong's infrastructure. To this end, the Company urges the Government to reconsider its position on existing spectrum cost.

Appreciation

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to our customers and shareholders for their continuing support, and to my fellow directors for their guidance. To our staff, I would like to thank them for their commitment and professionalism as well as their dedication and hard work during the period.

Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond

Chairman

Hong Kong, 1 September 2023

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Review of financial results

During the year under review, the Group's profit attributable to shareholders decreased \$154 million to \$269 million (2021/22: \$423 million), due to recognition of expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost of \$201 million. If excluding the expected credit loss, the underlying profit attributable to shareholders is \$470 million (2021/22: \$454 million), represents a year-on-year growth of 3.5%. It is mainly driven by the recovery in roaming revenue and the growth in 5G Home Broadband business.

Group services revenue increased by 1% to \$4,546 million. The increase was primarily driven by the recovery of roaming revenue. Revenue from handset and accessory sales of \$2,217 million was recorded during the year, as compared to \$2,469 million in last year, reflecting a weaker demand for flagship handsets and poorer consumer sentiment. As the result, total revenue of \$6,763 million was recorded, compare with \$6,957 million in a year earlier.

Cost of inventories sold decreased by 8% to \$2,199 million, reflecting the lower handset and accessory sales during the year. Cost of services provided increased by 6% to \$392 million, primarily driven by the increase in roaming and enterprise solution business.

Staff costs increased by 12% to \$731 million (2021/22: \$652 million) amid annual salary increment and the Group's investment in manpower resources in key growth areas.

Depreciation, amortization and loss on disposal decreased by 4% to \$1,760 million, as the result of the decrease in depreciation charges associated with right-of-use assets, reflecting the underlying reduction of lease expenses on cell sites, shops and offices, and the Group's ongoing periodic review of the useful lives of network assets.

Expected credit loss of \$201 million (2021/22: \$31 million) was recognized to reflect the change in credit risk for the financial assets at amortized cost.

Finance income increased by \$52 million to \$85 million, primarily driven by higher interest rate on bank deposit. Finance costs decreased by 9% to \$133 million as the result of lower interest expenses after repayment of the guarantee notes and certain bank borrowings. As a result, the Group recorded a net finance cost of \$48 million during the year, as compared to net finance cost of \$113 million in last year.

Income tax expense amounted to \$185 million (2021/22: \$177 million), reflecting an effective tax rate of 40.7% (2021/22: 29.5%). In light of the uncertainty of the tax deductibility of the spectrum utilization fee, the related payments have been regarded as non-deductible on the books. The Group also recognized an expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost of \$201 million during the year. The expense has been regarded as non-deductible on the books. As a result, the Group's reported effective tax rate is higher than the statutory rate in Hong Kong of 16.5%. The Group will continue to vigorously defend its position and pursue tax deduction of the spectrum utilization fee from the Inland Revenue Department.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Capital structure, liquidity and financial resources

The Group maintained a strong balance sheet for the year under review. During the year, the Group was primarily financed by equity including share capital and internally generated funds. As at 30 June 2023, the Group had a total equity of \$5,084 million, including share capital of \$111 million, and total borrowings of \$66 million.

The Group recorded a net cash generated from operating activities of \$2,254 million. The Group's net cash position (represents cash and cash equivalent, short-term bank deposits minus borrowings) has increased by \$459 million to \$1,089 million. As at 30 June 2023, the Group's cash and short-term deposit totaled \$1,155 million, as compared to \$2,141 million in last year. The decrease was primarily due to repayment of the guarantee notes and other bank borrowings during the year. As the result, the Group's borrowings have decreased by \$1,445 million to \$66 million as at 30 June 2023.

The directors are of the opinion that the Group can fund its capital expenditures and working capital requirements for next financial year with internal cash resources.

Treasury policy

The Group invests its surplus funds in accordance with a treasury policy approved from time to time by the board of directors. Surplus funds are placed in bank deposits and invested in financial assets at amortized cost. Bank deposits and financial assets at amortized cost are predominantly maintained in Hong Kong dollars and US dollars.

The Group is required to arrange for banks to issue performance bonds and letters of credit on its behalf. The Group may partially or fully collateralize such instruments by bank deposits to lower the issuance costs.

Charges on assets

As at 30 June 2023, buildings with a carrying amount of \$65 million were pledged as security of bank borrowings of the Group.

Interest rate exposure

As at 30 June 2023, the Group's total borrowing is \$66 million. Management considers the interest rate exposure will not have any material impact to the Group given the low level of borrowing. The Group does not currently undertake any interest rate hedging.

Functional currency and foreign exchange exposure

The functional currency of the Company is the Hong Kong dollar. The Group is exposed to other currency movements, principally in terms of certain trade receivables, bank deposits, financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at amortized cost, and trade payables. The Group does not currently undertake any foreign exchange hedging.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June 2023, the Group provided performance guarantees of \$623 million (30 June 2022: \$751 million).

Employees, share award scheme and share option scheme

The Group had 1,830 full-time employees as at 30 June 2023 (30 June 2022: 1,737), with the majority of them based in Hong Kong. Total staff costs were \$731 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 (2021/22: \$652 million).

Employees receive a remuneration package consisting of basic salary, bonus and other benefits. Bonus payments are discretionary and depend, inter-alia, on both the Group's performance and the individual employee's performance. Benefits include retirement schemes, medical and dental care insurance. Employees are provided with both internal and external training appropriate to each individual's requirements.

A share award scheme was adopted by the Group as an incentive arrangement to recognize the contributions by certain employees and to attract and retain suitable personnel for the development of the Group. During the year under review, 388,085 shares were vested and 29,720 shares were lapsed. No unvested share (30 June 2022: 417,805) was outstanding as at 30 June 2023.

The Group has share option scheme under which the Company may grant options to participants, including directors and employees, to subscribe for shares of the Company. During the year under review, 8,000,000 share options were granted, 1,200,000 share options were exercised, 2,800,000 share options were cancelled and 4,000,000 share options were outstanding as at 30 June 2023 (30 June 2022: Nil).

Corporate Governance

The Company is committed to building and maintaining high standards of corporate governance. Throughout the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company has applied the principles and complied with the requirements set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), except for the following deviations:

Code Provision C.1.6 of the CG Code provides that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. John Anthony Miller, Non-Executive Director, and Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric, Mrs. Ip Yeung See-ming, Christine and Mr. Lam Kwok-fung, Kenny, Independent Non-Executive Directors, were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 November 2022 due to overseas commitments or other prior engagements. The remaining eight Independent Non-Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors (representing 67% of all independent non-executive and non-executive members of the Board at the time) attended the said meeting in person to listen to the views expressed by the shareholders.

The Board will continue to monitor and review the Company's corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

The Board

Roles of Directors

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day operation responsibility to the management under the supervision of the Chief Executive Officer and various Board Committees.

Corporate governance function

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties, which include (i) developing and reviewing policies and practices on corporate governance; (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; (iii) reviewing and monitoring policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to employees and Directors; and (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

Composition

The Board of Directors is responsible for supervising the management of the Group.

As at 30 June 2023, the Board comprises three Executive Directors, four Non-Executive Directors and six Independent Non-Executive Directors. The presence of ten Non-Executive Directors, of whom six are independent, is considered by the Board to be a reasonable balance between Executive and Non-Executive Directors.

The Non-Executive Directors, who offer diversified expertise and experience, contribute significantly to the important function of advising management on strategy and policy development. They also serve to ensure that the Board maintains high standards of financial and other mandatory reporting as well as to provide adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

Except for those relationships disclosed in the biographical details of the Directors set out on pages 60 to 67 of this Annual Report, the Directors have no other financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships with each other.

Mr. Peter Kung ("Mr. Kung") was appointed Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 14 March 2022. Mr. Kung entered into a consultancy agreement with Sun Hung Kai Real Estate Agency Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited ("SHKP"), in turn the holding company of the Company, under which he has taken on the role as China Tax Advisor to the SHKP group of companies (the "SHKP Group") since October 2019 (the "Consultancy"). The Company is satisfied that Mr. Kung is independent for the reasons as set out below:

- (a) The scope of services for which Mr. Kung has been providing under the Consultancy and the monthly consultancy fee payable to Mr. Kung thereunder are immaterial whether to SHKP Group or the Company and its subsidiaries (the "SmarTone Group");
- (b) Mr. Kung has advised that the monthly consultancy fee payable to him under the Consultancy is and will not be material to both his personal wealth and current income;
- (c) Mr. Kung has had no executive role in any member of the SHKP Group and the SmarTone Group. His role under the Consultancy is merely advisory and does not amount to performing any management or executive function;
- (d) Mr. Kung has confirmed that he met all other independence guidelines for independent non-executive directors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules; and
- (e) Mr. Kung has confirmed that, during his term as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company, he will not provide any services under the Consultancy which may relate to any affairs of the SmarTone Group and will not take part as China Tax Adviser under the Consultancy in any discussions which may involve any affairs relating to the SmarTone Group.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-Executive Director a written annual confirmation of his or her independence pursuant to the Listing Rules, and considers that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent.

As at 30 June 2023, six of the thirteen members of the Board are Independent Non-Executive Directors. In addition, all the members of the Audit Committee and the majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company are Independent Non-Executive Directors. Each of these committees is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. In view of the above, it is considered that independent views and input are available to the Board.

The Company maintains appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Appointment and re-election of Directors

All Directors are required to retire from office by rotation and are subject to re-election by shareholders at annual general meeting at least once every three years.

One-third of the Directors, who have served longest on the Board, must retire and be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting. As such, no director has a term of appointment longer than three years. To further enhance accountability, any further appointment of an Independent Non-Executive Director who has served the Company's Board for more than nine years will be subject to separate resolution to be approved by shareholders.

Directors appointed to fill casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting after their appointment, and shall be subject to re-election by shareholders.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

In order to reinforce their respective independence, accountability and responsibility, and to avoid power being concentrated in any one individual, the roles of the Chairman is separate from those of the Chief Executive Officer. Their respective responsibilities are clearly established and defined by the Board in writing. The role of the Chairman is to ensure that the Board is functioning properly, with good corporate governance practices and procedures. The role of the Chief Executive Officer, supported by the Executive Directors and the management team, is to manage the Group's businesses, including the implementation of major strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board.

Board process

The Board of Directors meets regularly at least four times a year. The Directors participate in person or through electronic means of communication. To facilitate maximum attendance of Directors, a tentative schedule for regular Board meetings for each calendar year is fixed prior to the commencement of the year. The Directors are given the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion. The finalized agenda and accompanying board papers are sent to all Directors at least three days prior to the meeting.

During regular meetings of the Board, the Directors discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall Group strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. All Directors are kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may affect the Group's businesses, including relevant rules and regulations. Directors can also seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense, if necessary.

The Company Secretary records the proceedings of each Board meeting by keeping detailed minutes, including all decisions by the Board together with concerns raised and dissenting views expressed (if any). All minutes are open for inspection at any reasonable time on request by any Director.

Directors' attendance at Board meetings and general meeting

Four Board meetings and a general meeting were held during the year ended 30 June 2023. The attendance record of the Directors at the meetings is set out below:

	Meetings attended/held during the term of office	
Directors	Board Meetings General Meeting	
Executive Directors		
Mr. Fung Yuk-lun, Allen (Deputy Chairman)	4/4	1/1
Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona ¹ (Chief Executive Officer)	2/2	0/0
Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen	4/4	1/1
Mr. Tam Lok-man, Norman ²	2/3	1/1
Non-Executive Directors		
Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond (Chairman)	4/4	1/1
Mr. Cheung Wing-yui (Deputy Chairman)	4/4	1/1
Mr. David Norman Prince	3/4	1/1
Mr. Siu Hon-wah, Thomas	4/4	1/1
Mr. John Anthony Miller³	1/1	0/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric	4/4	1/1
Mr. Ng Leung-sing	4/4	1/1
Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric	1/4	0/1
Mr. Lam Kwok-fung, Kenny	3/4	0/1
Mr. Lee Yau-tat, Samuel	4/4	1/1
Mr. Peter Kung	4/4	1/1
Mrs. Ip Yeung See-ming, Christine ⁴	1/1	0/1

Notes:

- 1. Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona was appointed Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 15 February 2023.
- 2. Mr. Tam Lok-man, Norman resigned as an Executive Director and the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 1 March 2023.
- 3. Mr. John Anthony Miller retired as a Non-Executive Director of the Company at the conclusion of the Company's annual general meeting held on 1 November 2022.
- 4. Mrs. Ip Yeung See-ming, Christine retired as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company at the conclusion of the Company's annual general meeting held on 1 November 2022.

Directors' training

All Directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as Directors and of the business and activities of the Group. As such, briefing materials are provided to newly appointed Directors to ensure that they are familiar with the role of the Board, their legal and other duties and responsibilities as Director as well as the business and corporate governance practices of the Group. The Company Secretary will continuously update all Directors on latest developments in applicable legal and regulatory requirements as and when necessary.

Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

All Directors have provided to the Company a record of the training they received during the year ended 30 June 2023, which includes attending seminars, giving talks at seminars and/or reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

Directors	Type of trainings
Executive Directors	
Mr. Fung Yuk-lun, Allen (Deputy Chairman)	A, C
Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona (Chief Executive Officer)	А, С
Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen	A, C
Non-Executive Directors	
Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond <i>(Chairman)</i>	А, В, С
Mr. Cheung Wing-yui (<i>Deputy Chairman</i>)	А, В, С
Mr. David Norman Prince	C
Mr. Siu Hon-wah, Thomas	A, C
Independent Non-Executive Directors	
Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric	A, C
Mr. Ng Leung-sing	C
Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric	C
Mr. Lam Kwok-fung, Kenny	С
Mr. Lee Yau-tat, Samuel	C
Mr. Peter Kung	A, B, C
 A: attending seminars and/or conferences and/or forums and/or briefings B: giving talks at seminars and/or conferences and/or forums and/or briefings C: reading newspapers, journals and/or other materials 	

Board Committees

The Board has established the following committees with defined terms of reference, which are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code (if applicable).

Board Supervisory Committee ("BSC")

The Board has delegated the duties of overseeing management performance, monitoring execution of business plans and initiatives, and ensuring adherence to corporate objectives to the BSC. Members of the BSC include the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the Executive Directors and senior executives of the Company. Non-Executive Directors are welcomed to join the BSC at their discretion.

The BSC meets regularly throughout the year to review and monitor the overall strategy implementation as well as the business operation and financial performance of the Group and to properly inform the Board of the status of such operations and performance. To facilitate maximum attendance of Directors and members, a tentative schedule for regular BSC meetings for each calendar year is fixed prior to the commencement of the year.

Remuneration Committee

The chairman of the Committee is Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric (Independent Non-Executive Director) and the other members are Mr. Ng Leung-sing (Independent Non-Executive Director) and Mr. Fung Yuk-lun, Allen (Executive Director). The majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee are Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for formulating and recommending to the Board the remuneration policy for all Directors and members of senior management of the Group, as well as reviewing and making recommendations on the Company's share incentive schemes, bonus structure and other compensation-related issues. The Committee consults with the Chairman and/or the Chief Executive Officer on its proposals and recommendations, and also has access to professional advice if deemed necessary by the Committee. The Committee is also provided with other resources enabling it to discharge its duties.

The Remuneration Committee has the delegated responsibility to determine the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management. The specific terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is available on the Company's website.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Remuneration Committee passed four written resolutions for approving and/or recommending the emoluments payable to Directors and senior management.

On 21 April 2023, 4,000,000 share options (the "Share Options") to subscribe for up to a total of 4,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the "Shares") were granted to Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona (the "Grantee"), an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, under the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 2 November 2021 (the "Share Option Scheme"). No Share Options can be exercised within one year from the date of grant. The Share Options can be exercised up to 30% of the grant from the first anniversary of the date of grant, up to 60% of the grant from the second anniversary of the date of grant, and in whole or in part of the grant from the third anniversary of the date of grant. There is no performance target attached to the Share Options granted.

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentive to participants to contribute to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and/or to retain high-caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or are expected to be able to contribute to the business development of the Group.

In determining the grant of the Share Options, the Remuneration Committee has considered the following factors:

- (a) the value of the Share Options is linked to the future price of the Shares, which in turn depends on the business performance of the Group, to which the Grantee will directly contribute;
- (b) the minimum vesting period set forth above ensures that the long-term interests of the Grantee and the Company are aligned; and
- (c) a grant of share options to the Grantee is consistent with the Group's usual remuneration practice to incentivize the performance of senior executives.

The Remuneration Committee is of the view that the grant of the Share Options, without a performance target, is market competitive and consistent with the Group's normal practice for senior executive remuneration, and aligns with the purpose of the Share Option Scheme to incentivize the Grantee to contribute to the Group's business development.

Remuneration policy for Directors and senior management

The primary goal of the remuneration policy for Executive Directors and senior management is to enable the Company to retain and motivate Executive Directors and senior management by linking their compensation with performance as measured against corporate objectives.

The principal elements of the Company's remuneration package for Executive Directors and senior management include basic salary, discretionary bonus and share incentives. In determining guidelines for each compensation element, the Company will make reference to market remuneration surveys on companies operating in similar businesses.

The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors, mainly comprising directors' fees, is subject to annual assessment with reference to the market standard. Reimbursement is allowed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties including attendance at Company meetings.

Nomination Committee

The chairman of the Committee is Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric (Independent Non-Executive Director) and the other members are Mr. Ng Leung-sing (Independent Non-Executive Director) and Mr. David Norman Prince (Non-Executive Director). The majority of the members of the Nomination Committee are Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Company's nomination policy, and making recommendations to the Board on nomination and appointment of Directors and board succession. The Committee will also review the size, structure and composition of the Board. The Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties. The specific terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the Company's website.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Nomination Committee passed two written resolution for reviewing the size, structure and composition of the Board and recommending new appointment and re-election of Directors.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed and recommended the re-election of those retiring Directors who offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming 2023 Annual General Meeting.

Nomination policy

The Board has formalized its existing practices into a nomination policy. The policy sets out the criteria and procedures for the selection, appointment and re-election of the directors of the Company so as to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the achievement of the corporate goals and strategic objectives of the Group.

The Nomination Committee shall evaluate potential candidates by considering various factors including, without limitation, their professional expertise, and their industry and business experience.

The Committee shall also consider (i) the commitment of the potential candidates in devoting sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group; (ii) their potential contribution to board diversity; (iii) any material conflict of interest or potential material conflict of interest with the Group; and (iv) their independence with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules if the potential candidates will be appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company.

In cases of re-election of existing directors who will retire at annual general meetings or general meetings of the Company, the Committee will review the rotation and retirement of directors and make recommendations to the Board accordingly.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is accountable to the Board and assists the Board in meeting its responsibilities for ensuring compliance with the financial reporting obligations and corporate governance requirements as well as reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The chairman of the Committee is Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric (Independent Non-Executive Director with professional accounting expertise) and the other members are Mr. Ng Leung-sing (Independent Non-Executive Director) and Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric (Independent Non-Executive Director). All the members of the Committee are Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company. The Committee members possess appropriate business or financial expertise and experience to provide relevant advice and recommendations to the Company.

The Audit Committee's primary duties include ensuring the Group's financial statements, annual and interim reports, and the auditor's report present a true and balanced assessment of the Group's financial position; reviewing the Group's financial control, internal control and risk management systems; reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices; and recommending the appointment and remuneration of external auditor. The duties of the Audit Committee are set out in its specific terms of reference, which is available on the Company's website. The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 30 June 2023 to review with management and the Company's internal and external auditors the Group's significant internal controls and financial matters as set out in the Committee's terms of reference. The Committee's review covers the audit plans and findings of internal and external auditors, external auditor's independence, the Group's accounting principles and practices, Listing Rules and statutory compliance, internal controls, risk management and financial reporting matters (including the interim and annual financial statements for the Board's approval).

The attendance record of the members at the Committee meetings is set out below:

Directors	Meetings attended/held during the term of office
Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Ng Leung-sing	2/2
Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric	1/2

The Audit Committee also held a meeting on 25 August 2023 and reviewed the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023 as well as the report of the Risk Management Committee and the report of Internal Audit. The Committee was satisfied that the accounting policies and methods of computation adopted by the Group are appropriate and in line with the market participants in Hong Kong. The Committee found no unusual items that were omitted from the financial statements and was satisfied with the disclosure of data and explanations shown in the financial statements. The Committee was also satisfied that adequate and effective risk management and internal control systems have been maintained by the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023.

External auditor's independence

PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") is the Company's external auditor for the year ended 30 June 2023. The nature and ratio of annual fees to external auditor for non-audit services and for audit services are subject to scrutiny by the Audit Committee. The provision of non-audit services by the external auditor requires prior approval of Audit Committee so as to ensure that the independence and objectivity of the external auditor will not be impaired.

Details of the fees paid or payable to PwC and other audit firms (for miscellaneous services) for the year ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:

Audit services	2,516,00
Non-audit services	
Taxation	165,00
Review of interim financial statements	322,00
Other assurance services	328,0
	815,0
	3,331,0

Before commencement of the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at and for the year ended 30 June 2023, the Committee received written confirmation from PwC confirming that they are independent accountants with respect to the Company within the meaning of the requirements of Part 4A of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The Committee was satisfied with the findings of their review of the audit fees, process and effectiveness, independence and objectivity of PwC and had recommended the Board to propose a resolution of their reappointment as the Company's external auditor at the forthcoming 2023 Annual General Meeting.

Directors' and auditor's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The responsibilities of the auditor for the consolidated financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 73 to 77 of this Annual Report.

Risk management and internal control systems

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such risks would include, amongst others, material risks relating the environmental, social and governance ("ESG").

The risk management and internal control systems of the Group comprises a comprehensive organizational structure and delegation of authorities, with responsibilities of each business and operational units clearly defined and authorities assigned to individuals based on experience and business need.

Control procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against unauthorized use and disposition; ensure compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations; ensure proper maintenance of accounting records for provision of reliable financial information used within the business or for publication; and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

A management-level Risk Management Committee has been set up. The Risk Management Committee, reporting to the Audit Committee, is responsible for the overall risk management function of the Group. Risk Management Framework is in place to provide a consistent approach on the risk management processes in identification, assessment, treatment and reporting of all risks identified affecting key business processes.

The Group has an Internal Audit team, staffed with five qualified professionals, which is an independent function reports directly to the Audit Committee and the Chief Executive Officer. Internal Audit plays an important role in the risk management and internal control framework and provides independent assurance to the Board as to the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems for the Group on an on-going basis. The work of Internal Audit includes financial and operations reviews, recurring and surprise audits, fraud investigations and productivity efficiency and effectiveness reviews. Internal Audit derives its annual audit plan using a risk assessment methodology and taking into account the business nature of the Group. The plan is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee, who ensures that adequate resources are deployed and the plan objectives are adequate to cover major risks affecting the Group. In addition, there is regular dialogue with the Group's external auditor so that both are aware of the significant factors which may affect their respective scope of work.

The Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and concluded that adequate and effective risk management and internal control systems have been maintained for the year ended 30 June 2023. The review considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions, and their training programs and budget, as well as those relating to ESG performance and reporting. The review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. It was based on a framework which assesses the Group's risk management and internal control systems against control environment, risk management, control activities, information and communication and monitoring activities on all major business and operational processes. The review also considered (a) the changes, since the last annual review, in the nature and extent of significant risks, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; (b) the scope and guality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems, the work of its internal audit function and other assurance providers; (c) the extent and frequency of communication of monitoring results to the Board which enables it to assess control of the Group and the effectiveness of risk management; (d) significant control failings or weaknesses that have been identified during the period and the extent to which they have resulted in unforeseen outcomes or contingencies that have had, could have had or may in the future have, a material impact on the Group's financial performance or condition; and (e) the effectiveness of the Group's processes for financial reporting and Listing Rule compliance.

The Company has a whistleblowing policy in place which sets out the principle of whistleblowing and the procedures to be followed to raise concerns with the Audit Committee through a designated Whistleblowing Officer. The policy applies not only to the employees of the Group but also to third parties who deal with the Group.

The Company also has policies in place to prevent bribery and conflicts of interest. These policies form part of the Group's Code of Conduct for employees and are clearly set out in the Employee Handbook. All employees are required to follow them strictly. Employees can safely raise concerns about corruption or any other misconduct through the whistleblowing procedures mentioned above.

In respect of the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Group's Code of Conduct for employees stipulates the prohibition on unauthorized use of inside information of the Company. Employees who are privy or have access to inside information have also been notified on observing the restrictions pursuant to the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

Compliance with model code for securities transactions by Directors

The Group adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding Directors' transactions in the securities of the Company. Upon specific enquiry, each Director had confirmed that during the year ended 30 June 2023, they had fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and there was no event of non-compliance.

Diversity

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. Board diversity has been considered from a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, and professional experience. Candidates for Board appointment will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The current Board comprises male and female Directors of different age groups, length of services in the Group, cultural and educational background, and professional experience (see the section "The Board – Composition" of this Corporate Governance Report and the biographical details of the Directors set out on pages 60 to 67 of this Annual Report). The Nomination Committee considers the current composition and structure of the Board as appropriate. The Nomination Committee monitors the implementation of the board diversity policy and will review the policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Policy.

The Company believes that each Director's background and his/her contribution to the Board should be considered on its own merits. Gender is only one of the many factors that influence this consideration. Therefore, the Company does not set numerical targets or timelines for achieving gender diversity on the Board. However, the Company will, to the extent possible, avoid having a single gender Board.

As at 30 June 2023, male and female employees of the Group accounted for 61% and 39% of the workforce, respectively. The Group has a higher proportion of male employees, which is a common phenomenon for a technology-driven company. The Group is an equal opportunity employer. All employees enjoy equal employment and career opportunities and no employee shall be disadvantaged on the basis of gender.

Shareholders' rights

Right to convene special general meeting

The Directors, on the requisition of shareholders of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, forthwith proceed duly to convene a special general meeting of the Company.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company in Bermuda for the attention of the Company Secretary.

If the Directors do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board. All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the Head Office of the Company in Hong Kong or the Registered Office in Bermuda, or by e-mail to ir@smartone.com for the attention of the Company Secretary.

Right to put forward proposals at general meetings

On the requisition in writing of either (i) any number of shareholder of the Company representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders, the Company shall, at the expense of the requisitionists:

- (a) to give to shareholders of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- (b) to circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

The requisition must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company in Bermuda for the attention of the Company Secretary.

Investor relations

Shareholders' communication policy

The Company adopted a shareholders' communication policy. The policy aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the Company's shareholders, both individual and institutional, and, in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large, are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, material developments, governance and risk profile), in order to enable shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow shareholders and the investment community to engage actively with the Company.

Corporate communication, including announcements, interim and annual reports, shareholder circulars, etc., are provided to the shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese to facilitate understanding. A dedicated section is available on the Group's website to facilitate access to the information about the Group. Webcasts of the Group's results briefing are also available. Designated contacts, email addresses, fax and enquiry lines are provided to enable shareholders to make enquiries about the Group. Shareholders' meetings are convened as a platform for the shareholders to talk directly with the Directors and management. The Group also gets in touch with the investment community through investor/analyst briefings, roadshows (both domestic and international), media interviews, specialist industry forums, etc. on a regular basis.

Upon review of the investor relations activities held during the year like the annual general meeting, investor/analyst briefings, etc. and testing of the functionality of the different contact channels like emails, enquiry lines, etc., the Company considers that the shareholders' communication policy is effective and properly implemented.

Dividend policy

The Company seeks to provide stable and sustainable returns to the shareholders. In determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into account the Group's earning performance, financial position, investment and funding requirements, and future prospects. The Board will review the dividend policy and payout ratio as appropriate from time to time.

About this report

SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (referred to in this report as "the Group", "the Company", "SmarTone" or "we") are pleased to present our environmental, social and governance report. This report covers the financial year ended 30 June 2023 and is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Report Guide under Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The scope of this report covers our key business operations in providing telecommunications services in Hong Kong. The Group's operations in Macau and Guangzhou (customer service center) are excluded from the scope as their scale is insignificant as compared to the Group's operations in Hong Kong.

This report highlights the Group's sustainability efforts in environmental and social aspects. For details of our corporate governance, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report included in this Annual Report.

The board of directors (the "Board") oversees the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") issues of the Group, and sets forth the overall ESG management approach, strategy and priorities. The Board is responsible for the overall risk management and internal control systems of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness, which also covers the ESG-related risks to the Group's business. Risk management framework is in place to provide a consistent approach on the risk management processes in identification, assessment, treatment and reporting of all risks identified affecting key business processes. The Board reviews and assesses the Group's ESG achievements which forms an integral part of the Group's overall performance that the Board bears the ultimate governance role.

We performed a materiality review based on a peer review and stakeholder engagement process that determine the material ESG aspects to the Group. We compared the year-to-year environmental and social data and adopted a consistent environmental data treatment approach to allow a fair comparison of our environmental performance over time.

Stakeholder engagement

The Group strives to create long-term value for our stakeholders. The Group maintains ongoing dialogue and engage with key stakeholders, including customers, employees, suppliers, media, shareholders, regulators and the communities, to understand their expectations and address their concerns. The Group collects views from stakeholders regularly through a range of channels such as meetings, interviews, focus group discussions, surveys and feedback programmes.

Customer service and satisfaction

We strive to deliver outstanding experiences and meaningful value to customers. The Group's superior service has been widely recognized, as evidenced by the service awards received from various reputable organizations during the past years. During the year, SmarTone's brand and network performance are also recognized by authoritative international organizations.

For the year ended 30 June 2023, the Group received the following prestigious awards:

Kantar BrandZ Hong Kong Top 30 Brands 2023

Kantar, Design Bridge and Partners

The Strongest Communications Brand in Hong Kong
#8 Strongest Brand in Hong Kong

Opensignal Hong Kong Mobile Network Experience Report 2023

Opensignal

Sole Winner (Availability and Core Consistent Quality)
Joint Winner (5G Video Experience, Overall Video Experience, 5G Availability, 5G Reach and Excellent
Consistent Quality)

CAHK STAR Awards 2022

Communications Association of Hong Kong Best 5G Mobile Network Operator – Silver Cybersecurity Excellence Award – Silver

e-Brand Award 2022

e-Zone

The Best Mobile Network
The Best Mobile Cyber Security Service
The Best 5G Home Broadband Service

• Quality E-Shop Recognition Scheme

Hong Kong Retail Management Association 2022 Top Ten E-Shops

Environmental protection

The Group is committed to environmental protection. It makes efficient use of resources, promote green awareness within the Group, follows eco-friendly management practices and supports community events to build a green living environment. We target to achieve year-on-year reductions in total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions intensity and total energy consumption intensity in the long run. To achieve this, we are taking active steps, which are described in more details in the following sections.

Emissions

Electricity is the key source of energy for our business and our major source of greenhouse gas emissions. Other minor sources of emissions include our transport vehicles and standby emergency generators.

SmarTone launched 5G service to spearhead smart city development in Hong Kong. SmarTone selected Ericsson as the sole 5G vendor for the deployment of 5G in Hong Kong. If 5G is deployed in the same way as previous generations to meet the increasing traffic demands, energy consumption of mobile networks would increase dramatically. This is unsustainable in terms of cost as well as environmental impact. Ericsson introduces an innovative approach to reduce network energy use. It includes solutions that enable operator networks to use as little energy as possible while managing expected growth in data traffic; meeting the needs of both current and future 5G networks.

SmarTone has successfully improved its energy efficiency by deploying the latest technologies in its mobile network. By modernizing base station hardware and software, we achieved a 25% energy efficiency improvement. Additionally, SmarTone utilized an Al-based solution to dynamically adjust power consumption based on traffic pattern, resulting in further 11% energy efficiency gain without compromising network performance. These combined effort has led to an impressive overall energy efficiency improvement of 36%, demonstrating SmarTone's commitment to sustainability and minimizing energy consumption. The new generation of base station equipment is being deployed in our network phase by phase according to the network upgrade plan and technology evolution.

The Group incorporates energy efficiency in the design and operations of its cell sites, switching centers and data center. We are deploying new generation of radio base station equipment with lower power consumption and higher tolerance to ambient temperature. We have converted some of our cell sites to non-air conditioned sites. For cell sites that still require air-conditioning, we deployed inverter-type air conditioners to reduce the power consumption on air-conditioning.

For switching centers, we replaced traditional chiller systems with Oil-Free Variable Speed chillers which could achieve 30%–50% efficiency improvement. We also optimized the ambient temperature of our data center for maximum energy saving while keeping healthy operations of the servers and devices.

All these measures will reduce much of the carbon emissions from the equipment in and air-conditioning for the base stations, switching centers and data center.

By the nature of our business, the discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste during our course of operations is minimal. To further reduce the possibility of inadvertent discharge of hazardous waste, starting from 2021, SmarTone partnered with Hong Kong Battery Recycle Centre Limited ("HKBR") for the recycling of all Waste Lead Acid Batteries ("WLAB") disposed of from the switching centers and data center. HKBR is the first facility in Hong Kong that is licensed to recycle WLAB locally, providing the cleanest, safest, and most optimal solution for this hazardous waste, reusing over 90% of WLAB.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

Use of resources, the environment and natural resources

In addition to our efforts in reducing power consumption by our cell sites, switching centers and data center mentioned above, we also demonstrated our environmental concern through efficient use of resources in our daily operations.

Our entire line of retail shops uses a wirelessly operated customer management system. Frontline colleagues use tablets to provide services to customers, including the use of e-Signature to replace paper for contract confirmation and the use of e-leaflets to replace paper-based promotional leaflets. The wireless system greatly reduces the use of paper in our sales process. We also established carbon reduction measures and progressively increase the use of high energy-efficient appliances in our daily operations to reduce carbon emissions.

Examples of our environmental-friendly measures include:

Energy saving

- Use energy-saving lighting fixture (LED) and electronic ballasts
- Reduce lighting provisions in non-working areas
- Gradually deploy intelligent fan coil units in the central air-conditioning systems to reduce energy consumption
- Install energy saving mechanism in certain offices (automatic switch off office lighting/air-conditioning in non-office hours)
- Use electrical fans instead of additional air-conditioning for overtime work in wintertime when only a few staff are staying in office
- Encourage staff to switch off unnecessary lighting, equipment, personal computers and monitors in lunch time, after office hours, while away or in meeting
- Encourage staff to unplug all mobile phone chargers/adapters when they are not in use
- Encourage staff to adopt video teleconferencing for both internal and external meetings to save fuel/energy which may otherwise be consumed in travelling

Green procurement

- Use suppliers/vendors with recognized environmental-friendly certificates whenever possible
- Purchase office equipment with Grade 1 energy saving labels whenever possible
- Printing paper select those made from 100% plantation fiber and 100% chlorine free bleached

Efficient use of paper

- Default duplex printing for digital copiers
- Encourage printing multiple pages on single sheet of paper
- Use print-on-demand system so unwanted print jobs can be deleted even after being sent to the servers
- Deploying electronic document management system to minimize paper filing and enhance documents sharing within the Company
- Decline all newspaper/media subscriptions in paper form; encourage to use electronic or online version instead
- Encourage staff to use digital presentation for meetings, instead of printing hardcopy handouts

Recycling

- Use printer/fax/copier toners that can be collected/sold back to suppliers for recycling
- Participate in waste recycling schemes for collecting wastepaper, used fluorescent tubes, aluminum cans and plastic bottles
- Stationeries reuse internal envelopes and box files; encourage smart use of stationery
- Collect festival wrappings and hampers (e.g., mooncake boxes) for recycling

By the nature of our business, the usage of water during our course of operations is minimal. The Group is primarily engaged in telecommunications services offering voice, multimedia and mobile broadband services, which does not require any packaging material. The package material used for the mobile devices and accessories sold by the Group during the course of business is part of the products and is provided by the respective mobile device and accessory manufacturers.

Climate change management

Climate change is a global challenge that affects communities and businesses as a whole. One of the consequences of climate change is extreme weather events, such as hurricanes and flooding which may affect the Group's daily operations. The Group has emergency plans to respond to possible disruptions in network and business operations. It also makes every endeavor, as mentioned in previous paragraphs under this section, to run an environmental-friendly and low-carbon emission business to help fight against global climate change.

Employment and labor practices

Employment

At SmarTone, we strive to provide an engaging, respectful and caring work environment to our employees. We embrace two ways communication. We use different internal communication channels to create line of sight to engage our employees at all levels. We provide training and development platform to support employees' career progression.

We reward and recognize performance and behavior through pay, incentives and recognition award programs. In particular, to celebrate and recognize the achievements and commitment of our long-serving employees, a total of 45 staff members were honored with the 25 Years Long Service Award this year, which symbolizes their dedication, hard work and growth with the company over the past 25 years. The honorees have been an important part of the company's success and have witnessed countless milestones in our development.

The Company cares about the well-being of our employees. We encourage work-life balance through a variety of work practices. We have implemented Flexi Working Hours since 2017 to support employees' needs in reporting duty. We grant a half-day paid "Family Leave" once every quarter to allow employees time off to take care of their families. We have incorporated employee needs into the workplace design, such as setting up staff lounges/ breastfeeding rooms in the main office. In response to the need for stress and emotional management in today's fast-paced, information-overloaded and high-pressure society, we put in place an Employee Assistance Program to provide psychological, work and family consultations to employees and their family members to maintain their psychological health.

The Company also held a variety of staff activities throughout the year, which include:

Health Activities

The Company organized a comprehensive series of health talks and activities aimed at promoting the well-being of our employees and their families. These events covered a wide range of topics, addressing both physical and mental health concerns. A diverse group of professionals as health trainers and speakers were invited. Among them were traditional Chinese medicine practitioners, social workers, yoga trainers, and other experts in their respective fields.

Christmas Fun Day – Mario Kart Race

In celebration of the holiday season, the Company hosted a captivating Christmas Fun Day, highlighted by an exciting Switch Mario Kart race. This event brought together cross-departmental teams, who not only showcased their remarkable costumes but also demonstrated their unwavering spirit and determination in vying for both the championship and the best costume award. The occasion was a testament to the company's commitment to fostering a vibrant and engaging work environment.

• Chinese New Year Reunion

We gather together via video streaming to express our New Year good wishes to each other, and witness the ceremonial "roast pig cutting" by senior management and greetings from the God of Wealth.

You-deserve-a-treat

Surprise gifts were given to staff as a token of thanks from the management. Gifts given during the year included moon cakes for the Mid-Autumn Festival, rice cakes for the Chinese New Year and yogurt coupons for the summer season.

Interest classes

Throughout the year, a variety of interest classes were organized to provide our colleagues with the opportunity to learn something new and engaging during their leisure time. These classes included a Turkish mosaic lamp workshop and a tart baking class, among others. The aim was to foster a sense of curiosity and personal development among our team members, enabling them to explore different hobbies and acquire valuable skills.

The Group is an equal opportunity employer. All employees enjoy equal employment and career opportunities and no employee shall be disadvantaged because of sex, pregnancy, disability, marital status, family status, race, age, religious, beliefs or sexual orientation.

We believed that all employees have the right to work in an environment free of discrimination, harassment, vilification, and victimization. The Group will not tolerate such behavior under any circumstances.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

Health and safety

The Group is committed to providing employees with a healthy, safe and secure work environment that is free from all recognized hazards.

We incorporate workplace safety in the design and operations of our premises and the way we conduct business. First aiders and first aid box administrators are assigned for each office, shop and facility of the Group. Employees can assess information on occupational safety and hygiene awareness through a dedicated section in the Group's intranet. All accidents at work are properly reported and handled with due care.

Ensuring the safety of employees against COVID-19 is the top priority of the Company. While the government has gradually lifted the pandemic restrictions and precautionary measures since the end of 2022, the Company closely monitors the trend in COVID-19 caseloads and changes in government policies so as to adjust the workplace measures against COVID-19 accordingly.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

Development and training

SmarTone is committed to offering learning and development opportunities for all staff members in meeting the Group and business needs.

On-boarding training and orientation are provided to help new recruits get familiar with SmarTone and equip them to handle their daily works. The Human Resources Department organizes numerous face-to-face and online training for employees in all ranks throughout the year, covering a wide range of topics including industry and business knowledge, legal and regulatory updates, communication skills, personal development, IT skills, etc. The Group also sponsors suitable employees to participate in external work-related training activities.

Labor standards

The Group adheres to applicable labor standards and strictly prohibits the use of child or forced labor in its operations. Our suppliers and contractors are expected to follow similar standards of labor practices when collaborating with us.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to preventing child and forced labor.

Operating practices

Supply chain management

The Group has a fair and open process in dealing with vendors. We will conduct competitive bidding/tendering for purchase of products and services.

Vendors are required to register with the Company. During the registration process, the Company collects pertinent information about the vendors, including whether they have a green policy governing their business. The Company will carefully evaluate the information submitted by the vendors before accepting them for inclusion on the Company's approved vendor list. The vendor's green policy is one of the important factors that the Company will consider. The approved vendor list will be reviewed and updated on a regular basis.

The selection of the supply source is determined in a fair and unbiased manner. Due considerations are given to both technical and commercial aspects covering product quality, delivery commitment, satisfaction of service to meet our purchase needs as well as price performance. In evaluation of our supply source, credits will be given to vendors who have a corporate green policy for their products, production and manufacturing process in reducing wastage and protecting the environment.

Customer data privacy and security

Our employees will routinely handle or process personal data relating to the Group's customers. Employees will only collect and use personal information or data for legitimate regulatory, customer service and the Group's business purposes. They will:

- take all reasonable steps to keep personal data confidential and will only disclose this information to personnel in the Group that need to have access to the information for the purposes for which it was collected; and
- at all times respect any confidential and/or data protection obligations which may be in an agreement between the Group and a third party.

The Group's Information Security Division defines the policy on protection of customer information while the Information Services Division operates a range of controls to secure information properly against accidental or unlawful destruction, accidental loss, alteration, unauthorized disclosure or access and all other unlawful forms of processing.

The privacy policy forms part of the Group's Code of Conduct for employees and is clearly set out in the Employee Handbook. All employees are required to strictly follow.

The Group has installed a cyber security framework consisting of multi-layered defense through people, processes and technology. The layers of defense, in sequential order, are:

- People, processes, policy, practices
- Physical security (data centers, office)
- Network perimeter security (Internet facing)
- Internal network security
- PC and server security
- Application security
- Data security

The Group provides regular security awareness and technical trainings to all levels of staff. These trainings cover a range of topics, including awareness regarding spear phishing, social engineering attack, data privacy, PCI DSS compliance and password and data protection. Reinforcement reminders and alerts are sent to all staff as necessary.

The Group has set up an Information Security Committee ("ISC") which is chaired by the Chief Technology Officer. The ISC is composed of the technical team heads and the information security team. It holds monthly meetings to review latest cyber threats and risks, review effectiveness of implemented security controls, and provide direction for further improvements. Well-documented Information Security Policy is in place. External and internal information security assessments are carried out regularly.

The Group deploys state-of-the-art technology to protect its data.

Responding to customers' feedback

SmarTone treasures customers' feedback on our network and service, which drives us to continuously improve and give us valuable insights for future development. There are many channels for the customers to voice out their opinion, including 24/7 sales and service hotlines, 24-hour online live chat, online feedback/complaint/enquiry forms via website or mobile apps, etc.

Our customer service representatives will handle the feedback and complaint cases timely and professionally. All frontline and customer service representatives have received proper training to handle customer complaints and enquiries. There is established guideline in place so that complaint or enquiry cases can be treated in a consistent manner. Afterall, customers' satisfaction is our utmost priority.

Product responsibility

We strive to adhere with all applicable laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services of the Group.

As holder of telecommunications licenses in Hong Kong, the Group takes proper and adequate safety measures for the safeguarding of life and property in connection with all installations, equipment and apparatus operated or used, including safeguarding against exposure to any electrical or radiation hazard emanating from the installations, equipment or apparatus operated or used by the Group. The Group complies with the safety standards and specifications as may from time to time be prescribed by the Communications Authority and any directions of the Authority in relation to any safety matter.

The Group strictly adhere to the requirements of the Trade Description Ordinance when conducting its business. Internal training, delivered by legal practitioners, has been given to staff who are responsible for sales and marketing.

The Group is primarily engaged in telecommunications services offering voice, multimedia and mobile broadband services, and re-selling of mobile devices and accessories of other manufacturers. Due to the nature of the Group's business, the risks of product recalls for safety and health reasons and infringement of intellectual property rights during the course of business are both minimal.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.

Anti-corruption

All employees are expected to conduct business lawfully and ethically and are prohibited from accepting, offering, promising or payment of bribes from or to any individuals, companies or government officials.

Employees are required to avoid any conflicts of interest, actual or potential, which will put the Group's interests and reputation at stake. All employees must declare to the Group any interest, direct or indirect, that they or members of their immediate family may have in any business or other organisations that would conflict with the interest of the Group.

While the Group has set in place policies, procedures, codes and guidelines to ensure that the highest standards of conduct and integrity are observed by employees, employees may still spot malpractice and wrongdoing within the Group during the course of employment. It is the obligation of all employees, including contractual, part-time and temporary employees, to report it in accordance with the reporting procedures set out in the Whistle Blowing Policy, which aims to provide a secured and confidential channel for employees to report such cases directly to the CEO and the Audit Committee via a designated Whistle Blowing Officer.

The above-mentioned policies on bribes, conflicts of interest and whistle blowing form part of the Group's Code of Conduct for employees and are clearly set out in the Employee Handbook. All employees are required to strictly follow.

All new SmarTone employees are required to attend anti-corruption training conducted by the Independent Commission Against Corruption ("ICAC") upon joining SmarTone. In addition, all employees are invited to participate in ICAC's business ethics seminars organized by Sun Hung Kai Properties Group from time to time.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. There was no concluded legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during the year.

Community

SmarTone is dedicated to corporate social responsibility. It develops innovative products and services to meet the communication and technology needs of society. It also actively engages in a wide range of social service activities to give back to society. The Group utilizes internal resources such as technology expertise, network capacity and employees' leisure time (in respect of volunteer work) to support the social service activities.

Raising Cybersecurity Awareness

SmarTone has always placed great importance on network security. We launched a "3 Security Tips" educational campaign to help customers easily identify scam messages. SmarTone also introduced an exclusive new group of cartoon characters, "Guardians of Network Security", to promote network security and help customers outsmart scammers and enjoy peace of mind.

SmarTone 5G Ednovation Program

SmarTone launched its new initiative "SmarTone 5G Ednovation Program" during the year, which is an endeavor to bring 5G technology into school campuses through integrating education and innovation. In this program, SmarTone developed diversified 5G solutions that can assist teachers in achieving their educational goals, enhancing teaching efficiency, as well as stimulating students' passion in STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics) learning.

As the first school participating in the "SmarTone 5G Ednovation Program", HKSKH Bishop Hall Secondary School has implemented a "5G Smart Hydroponics Planting System" on their campus. With multiple sets of 4K cameras and a series of sensors, students can monitor the plant on livestream while the Al analyses water condition, humidity, temperature, etc. to provide advice on how to care for the plants. Another batch of 4K cameras is also set up for real-time system monitoring.

Kowloon Bay St. John The Baptist Catholic Primary School, with the assistance of SmarTone's professional team, utilized the latest 5G technology to convert a bus into a 5G classroom. Using Internet of Things (IoT) devices connected to a 5G network, this new facility is controlled with intelligent sensors. For instance, lights turn on automatically when students and teachers enter. Air conditioners and projectors can likewise be turned on and off via a simple remote control. This initiative cultivates students' understanding of how 5G can be utilized to make life easier, greener and more energy efficient.

SmarTone has also created a "5G Smart Terrarium" at one of the program's pilot schools – Man Kwan Pak Kau College. This engaging new turtle habitat is equipped with IoT technology to collect various real-time data and record the growth and living conditions of turtles, thus fostering students' passion for STEM learning.

Helping People in Need

SmarTone gives its full support to people in need. For example, in response to the massive earthquake and multiple aftershocks in Turkey and Syria, SmarTone waived roaming data, voice and SMS charges for 10 days for all SmarTone customers in the two countries. SmarTone provided uninterrupted communication services to customers stranded in the affected areas, allowing them to stay in touch with family and friends.

SmarTone Volunteer Service Team

SmarTone regularly offers volunteering opportunities to our staff and actively encourages and promotes volunteerism as a means of giving back directly to the community. These activities are organized by Human Resources with the enthusiastic participation of individuals who form the SmarTone Volunteer Service Team. Through their collective efforts, SmarTone staff have made positive impact on the lives of many individuals and have also gained valuable personal experiences and insights. This commitment to volunteering has been recognized and awarded, as SmarTone has received the prestigious Caring Company Scheme award every year since 2002/03.

During the year under review, SmarTone organized or participated in many social service activities, including the following:

Smartphone workshops

Smartphones have become an indispensable tool in life, not just for the younger generations but also the senior citizens. In view of this, in September 2022, the volunteer team once again collaborated with HKSKH Lok Man Alice Kwok Integrated Service Centre to run a workshop to teach the elderly how to use the smartphones to deal with the different needs of their daily lives.

We also held another workshop for the elderly in October 2022, explaining the registration process and the documentation requirements for the newly enacted real-name registration program for mobile SIM cards.

Meals for the needy

In November 2022 and February 2023, our volunteers demonstrated their support to Gingko House by helping to prepare and distribute free meal boxes to the underprivileged in Yau Ma Tei and Yau Tong. Gingko House promotes the employment of the elderly in various ways, whether by hiring them to work in restaurants or helping them to sell handicrafts and food in the House's stores. Gingko House also provides free meals to the needy in the neighborhoods as part of their social service initiatives.

Christmas party for kids and Mother's Day gift workshop

In December 2022, the volunteer team partnered with HOPE Worldwide Centre for Kids (Shek Kip Mei) to host a Christmas party for grassroots families and children with special educational needs. The party featured a series of activities full of fun and creativity. We ended the party with handpicked Christmas gifts for the kids, hoping that the warmth of the party would continue even after they returned home.

In May 2023, we met the kids again at a workshop to prepare gifts for Mother's Day. In the workshop, the kids used their creativity to decorate cookies and carnation bouquets as gifts to express their gratitude and love for their mothers.

Visits to the elderly

There are elderly people living alone in the community who need our attention. The volunteer team, together with HKSKH Lok Man Alice Kwok Integrated Service Centre, organized home visits to the elderly in March 2023, sending them our blessings with fruits and health tea bags.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Key performance indicators

Environmental Performance

	Unit	Year ended 30 June 2023	Year ended 30 June 2022
Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions			
Combustion of fuels in motor vehicles (under Scope 1)	tonne CO₂e	93	91
Use of electricity (under Scope 2)	tonne CO ₂ e	46,353	45,631
Total GHG emissions ¹	tonne CO ₂ e	46,446	45,722
Total GHG emissions intensity	tonne CO₂e/ service revenue HK\$′000	0.010	0.010
Energy consumption			
Electricity	MWh	105,453	104,758
Gasoline and diesel	MWh	357	351
Total energy consumption	MWh	105,810	105,109
Total energy consumption intensity	MWh/ service revenue HK\$'000	0.023	0.023
Paner consumption			
Paper consumption Paper consumed (printing paper used during the course of business in offices, retail shops and stores)	kg	14,033	14,139
Paper recycled (all kinds of paper collected during the course of business and sent to recycling)	kg	12,617	15,876

^{1.} Emission data in Scope 2 is calculated by multiplying electricity consumption and the emission factor from CLP Group or Hongkong Electric Company Limited.

Social performance

	Unit	Year ended 30 June 2023	Year ended 30 June 2022
Employee profile			
Total workforce	no. of people	1,277	1,252
Total workforce by rank – Managerial	no. of people	301	290
– General	no. of people	976	962
Total workforce by gender – Female	no. of people	465	463
– Male	no. of people	812	789
Total workforce by age group – Under 30	no. of people	173	165
- 30–50	no. of people	810	817
- Above 50	no. of people	294	270
Total workforce by employment type – Full-time	no. of people	1,241	1,204
– Part-time	no. of people	36	48
Employee turnover			
Employee turnover rate	%	28.8	29.5
Employee turnover rate by gender – Female	%	34.8	29.3
– Male	%	25.4	29.5
Employee turnover rate by age group — Under 30	%	62.9	44.6
− 30 − 50	%	27.8	31.3
– Above 50	%	12.6	14.9
Occupational health and safety	.	•	0
Work-related fatalities¹ Lost days due to work injury	no. of people days	0	0 7.5
Development and training			
Total workforce trained	no. of people	1,034	677
Employee trained by employee category – Managerial	no. of people	249	195
(% of employees in this category)	%	(82.7)	(67.2)
- General	no. of people %	785 (80.4)	482 (FO.1)
(% of employees in this category) Employee trained by gender	70	(80.4)	(50.1)
– Female	no. of people	395	254
(% of employees of this gender) – Male	% no. of people	(84.9) 639	(54.9) 423
(% of employees of this gender)	%	(78.7)	(53.6)
Average training hours per employee by employee category			
– Managerial	hours/employee	6.95	7.67
– General Average training hours per employee by gender	hours/employee	16.07	17.78
– Female	hours/employee	12.00	9.51
– Male	hours/employee	15.03	18.09
Supply Chain Management			
Number of approved suppliers by geographical location – Local	no.	375	367
– Overseas	no.	42	43
Product Responsibility			
Number of complaints received ²	no. of cases	225	215

- 1. There is no work-related fatality in each of the past three years including the year ended 30 June 2023.
- 2. This represents the number of complaint cases received from outside sources including the Office of the Communications Authority and the Consumer Council.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Principal activities and geographical analysis of operations

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are shown in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by geographical segment is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements

Business review

The Chairman's Statement on pages 8 to 9 and the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 to 12 of this Annual Report provide a fair review of the Group's business for the year and indication of likely future development in the Group's business. The discussion thereon forms part of this Report of the Directors.

Further discussion on the Group's business is set out below:

(i) Principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group

As set out in the section "Risk management and internal control systems" of the Corporate Governance Report on pages 22 to 23, effective risk management framework is in place to provide a consistent approach on the risk management process in identification, assessment, treatment and reporting of all the risks which are critical to Group's operations and business.

The Group is exposed to various risks which may affect its operations and business. The followings are the key risks that are considered to be most significant to the Group at the time.

Competition – The Group is operating in markets with fierce competition, which had led to pricing pressure and increased marketing costs.

Information Technology – The Group requires reliable and effective information technology systems for its key business processes in daily operations. Any successful cyber-attack against the systems may cause disruption in operations and affect the service to customers.

Compliance – The Group is operating in the mobile industry which is highly regulated. The Group has to make sure that its operations are in full compliance with the relevant laws and regulations. Contravention to the laws and regulations will result in legal penalty, business disruption and/or damage to brand image.

Details about the Group's financial risk management are set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Environmental policies and performance

The Group is committed to environmental protection. It makes efficient use of resources, promotes green awareness within the Group, follows eco-friendly management practices and supports community events to build a green living environment.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(iii) Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group recognizes the importance of compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and risks of non-compliance with such requirements. The Group conducts on-going review of newly enacted/revised laws and regulations affecting the operations of the Group and provides relevant trainings and guidance to staff. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied in all material respects the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on the operations of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023.

(iv) Relationship with employees

People are the Group's most valuable asset. The Group believes in communicating with staff and giving them training and career development opportunities. It also recognizes good performance. It provides a variety of activities for staff to help them achieve a balance between work and life.

The Group has established good relationship with its employees throughout the years.

(v) Relationship with customers

The Group strives to deliver outstanding experiences and meaningful value to customers. To ensure continuous improvement of the quality of service, the Group pro-actively seeks customer feedback through focus group discussions, market surveys, hotlines, social media, online live chat, etc.

The Group's superior service has been widely recognized, as evidenced by the service awards received from various reputable organizations during the past years.

(vi) Relationship with suppliers

The Group has established long standing cooperation relationship with its suppliers. The Group has stringent anti-bribery policy in place and Group's staff are required to strictly comply with the policy when dealing with suppliers.

Results

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023 are set out in the consolidated profit and loss account on page 78.

Dividend

The Directors recommended the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2023 of \$0.175 per share (2021/22: \$0.155 per share). The proposed final dividend, together with the interim dividend of \$0.145 per share paid by the Company during the year (2021/22: \$0.145 per share), makes a total dividend for the year of \$0.32 per share (2021/22: \$0.30 per share).

Five years financial summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is shown on page 72.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Distributable reserves

Distributable reserves of the Company at 30 June 2023, calculated under the Company's Bye-laws and the Bermuda laws, amounted to \$1,117,995,000 (30 June 2022: \$1,117,209,000).

Donations

During the year, the Group did not make any charitable or other donations (2021/22: Nil).

Share capital

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are shown in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

- * Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond Chairman
- * Mr. Cheung Wing-yui

 Deputy Chairman
 - Mr. Fung Yuk-lun, Allen Deputy Chairman
 - Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona¹ Chief Executive Officer
 - Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen
- * Mr. David Norman Prince
- * Mr. Siu Hon-wah, Thomas
- * Mr. John Anthony Miller³
- * Non-Executive Director
- ** Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Tam Lok-man, Norman²

- ** Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric, JP
- ** Mr. Ng Leung-sing, JP
- ** Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric
- ** Mr. Lam Kwok-fung, Kenny
- ** Mr. Lee Yau-tat, Samuel
- ** Mr. Peter Kung
- ** Mrs. Ip Yeung See-ming, Christine⁴

- 1. Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona was appointed as an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 15 February 2023.
- 2. Mr. Tam Lok-man, Norman resigned as an Executive Director and the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 1 March 2023.
- 3. Mr. John Anthony Miller retired as a Non-Executive Director of the Company by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 November 2022.
- 4. Mrs. lp Yeung See-ming, Christine retired as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 November 2022.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

In accordance with Bye-law No. 84 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Fung Yuk-lun, Allen, Mr. Siu Hon-wah, Thomas, Mr. Ng Leung-sing and Mr. Lam Kwok-fung, Kenny retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. In accordance with Bye-law No. 83(2), Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona also retires at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All retiring Directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The term of office of the Non-Executive Directors shall be governed by the provisions of Bye-law No. 84 of the Company's Bye-laws.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service agreement with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The Company has received from each Independent Non-Executive Director a written annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), and considers that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent.

Directors' emoluments

The directors' fees payable to the Directors of the Company are determined by the Board under the authority granted by shareholders at annual general meetings. The fees are subject to annual assessment based on prevailing market rate of directors' fees for companies listed in Hong Kong. Other emoluments, if any, payable to the Directors of the Company are based on terms of the respective service contracts. Details of the emoluments paid and payable to the Directors of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 are shown in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements and contracts that are significant in relation to the Company's business

Apart from the connected transactions referred to in this report, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company's subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director of the Company and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Biographical details of Directors

Brief biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 60 to 67.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Directors' and chief executive's interests

As at 30 June 2023, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the SEHK, were as follows:

1. Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

	Num	ber of shares held				
Name of Director	Personal interests (held as beneficial owner)	Other Interests	Total	Number of underlying shares held under equity derivatives	Total	% of issued voting shares
Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond	-	5,162,3371	5,162,337	-	5,162,337	0.47
Fung Yuk-lun, Allen	437,359	-	437,359	-	437,359	0.04
Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona	-	-	-	4,000,000² (Personal interests in share options)	4,000,000	0.36
Chau Kam-kun, Stephen	146,000	11,000³	157,000	-	157,000	0.01

- 1. Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond was deemed to be interested in these shares in the Company by virtue of him being a beneficiary of a discretionary trust for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. These underlying shares of the Company represented the share options (being regarded for the time being as unlisted physically settled equity derivatives) granted by the Company. Details of these share options are shown in the section entitled "Share option scheme".
- 3. These shares in the Company were held by the spouse of Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2. Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the associated corporations of the Company

(a) Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited ("SHKP")

Num	ber	of	sha	res	he	ld

Name of Director	Personal interests (held as beneficial	Other	Total	Number of underlying shares held under equity	Total	% of issued voting
Name of Director	owner)	interests	Total	derivatives	Total	shares
Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond	188,743	550,237,686 ¹ 1,580,000 ²	552,006,429	-	552,006,429	19.05
Chau Kam-kun, Stephen	1,000	-	1,000	-	1,000	0.00
David Norman Prince	2,000	-	2,000	-	2,000	0.00
Siu Hon-wah, Thomas	-	7,000 ³	7,000	-	7,000	0.00
Li Ka-cheung, Eric	_	4,0284	4,028	-	4,028	0.00

- 1. Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond was deemed to be interested in these shares in SHKP by virtue of him being a beneficiary of certain discretionary trusts for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. These shares in SHKP were held by the spouse of Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond.
- 3. These shares in SHKP were held jointly by Mr. Siu Hon-wah, Thomas and his spouse.
- 4. These shares in SHKP were held by the spouse of Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(b) SUNeVision Holdings Ltd. ("SUNeVision")

Number of shares held

Name of Director	Personal interests (held as beneficial owner)	Other interests	Total	Number of underlying shares held under equity derivatives	Total	% of issued voting shares
Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond	-	3,485,000 ¹	3,485,000	-	3,485,000	0.15
Fung Yuk-lun, Allen	4,000,000	-	4,000,000	8,000,000 ²	12,000,000	0.51
Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona	-	-	-	4,700,000²	4,700,000	0.20
Chau Kam-kun, Stephen	50,000	_	50,000	_	50,000	0.00

- 1. Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond was deemed to be interested in these shares in SUNeVision by virtue of him being a beneficiary of certain discretionary trusts for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. These underlying shares of SUNeVision represented the share options (being regarded for the time being as unlisted physically settled equity derivatives) granted by SUNeVision under its share option scheme. Details of these share options are shown below:

			_	Number of share options					
Name of Director Da	Date of grant	Exercise price \$	Exercise period*	Outstanding at 1 July 2022	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Cancelled/ Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 30 June 2023	
Fung Yuk-lun, Allen	22 May 2019	6.688	22 May 2020 to 21 May 2024	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	
	4 May 2022	6.532	4 May 2023 to 3 May 2027	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000	
Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona	19 June 2018	5.048	19 June 2019 to 18 June 2023	1,500,000	-	-	(1,500,000)	-	
	22 May 2019	6.688	22 May 2020 to 21 May 2024	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	
	5 May 2021	7.982	5 May 2022 to 4 May 2026	2,500,000	-	-	-	2,500,000	
	12 January 2023	4.514	12 January 2024 to 11 January 2028	-	1,200,000	-	-	1,200,000	

^{*} The share options of SUNeVision can be exercised up to 30% of the grant from the first anniversary of the date of grant, up to 60% of the grant from the second anniversary of the date of grant, and in whole or in part of the grant from the third anniversary of the date of grant.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(c) Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond had the following interests in shares of the following associated corporations:

Name of associated corporation	Actual shares held through corporation	Actual % of interests in issued voting shares
Splendid Kai Limited (commenced members' voluntary liquidation on 15 June 2022)	2,500¹	25.00
Hung Carom Company Limited	25 ¹	25.00
Tinyau Company Limited	11	50.00
Open Step Limited	81	80.00
Vivid Synergy Limited	963,536,900¹	20.00

Note:

1. Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond was deemed to be interested in these shares by virtue of him being a beneficiary of certain discretionary trusts for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2023, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Share option scheme

The shareholders of the Company passed an ordinary resolution at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 2 November 2021 to approve the adoption of a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") of the Company. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 4 November 2021 following the grant of a listing approval by the SEHK and the passing of an ordinary resolution by the shareholders of SHKP, the Company's holding company, at the annual general meeting of SHKP to approve the adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

1. Movements of share options

Movements of the share options granted to the participants pursuant to the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2023 were as follows:

				Number of share options					
Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise price	Exercise period	Outstanding at 1 July 2022	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Canceled during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 30 June 2023
Directors Tam Lok-man, Norman	7 November 2022	3.976	15 November 2022 to 14 November 2026	N/A	4,000,000183	(1,200,000)4	-	(2,800,000)	-
Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona	21 April 2023	4.964	21 April 2024 to 20 April 2028	N/A	4,000,000 ²⁸³	-	-	-	4,000,000

- 1. The share options can be exercised up to 30% of the grant from 15 November 2022, up to 60% of the grant from 15 November 2023, and in whole or in part of the grant from 15 November 2024. Any unexercised share options shall lapse after 14 November 2026. The closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the share options were granted was \$4.06 per share.
- 2. The share options can be exercised up to 30% of the grant from the first anniversary of the date of grant, up to 60% of the grant from the second anniversary of the date of grant, and in whole or in part of the grant from the third anniversary of the date of grant. Any unexercised share options shall lapse after the fifth anniversary of the date of grant. The closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the share options were granted was \$4.90 per share.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

3. The values of the share options granted on 7 November 2022 and 21 April 2023, as calculated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, were approximately \$4,077,000 and \$2,539,000, respectively. The significant inputs to the model were:

	Date of gr	ant
	7 November 2022	21 April 2023
Risk-free interest rate ^a	4.323%	3.042%
Expected volatility ^b	18.400%	22.398%
Expected dividend yield ^c	7.732%	6.122%
Expected life of the share options ^d	4 years 8 days	5 years

- a. This represented the market yield on Hong Kong government bonds corresponding to the expected life of the share options as of the valuation date.
- b. This represented the annualized volatility of the closing price of the shares of the Company over a period of 260 trading days preceding the date of grant.
- c. This represented the yield of the expected dividend, being the historical dividend on the shares of the Company for the year preceding the date of grant.
- d. This was based on the assumption that there was no material difference between the expected volatility over the whole life of the share options and the historical volatility of the shares of the Company for the year preceding the date of grant.

The values of the share options are subject to a number of assumptions and limitations of the model. Therefore, the values may be subjective and would change should any of the assumptions changed.

4. The weighted average closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the share options were exercised was \$5.239 per share.

Other than the share options stated above, no share options had been granted by the Company to other participants pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. Save as disclosed above, no other share options were granted, exercised, canceled or lapsed during the year.

The number of share options available for grant under the scheme mandate of the Share Option Scheme was 111,098,860 on 1 July 2022 and 105,898,860 on 30 June 2023.

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2023 was 8,000,000, representing 0.72% of the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (less shares held for the share award scheme) for the year.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2. Principal terms of the Share Option Scheme

A summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme is set out below:

(a) Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentive to participants to contribute to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and/or to retain high-caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or are expected to be able to contribute to the business development of the Group.

(b) Participants

Any employee, agent, consultant or representative of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, including any director of the Company or any of its subsidiaries who has made valuable contribution to the growth of the Group based on his/her work experience, industry knowledge, performance, business connections or other relevant factors, will be eligible to participate in the Share Option Scheme.

(c) Maximum number of shares available for issue

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme by the shareholders of the Company.

The Company may seek approval by the shareholders in general meeting for "refreshing" the 10% limit under the Share Option Scheme. However, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under all of the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company under the limit as "refreshed" must not exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the limit.

The limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

On 1 September 2023, the number of shares available for issue in respect thereof is 109,898,860 shares which represents approximately 9.93% of the issued shares of the Company.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

The maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Option Scheme is that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to such participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue. Where any further offer of the grant of options to a participant would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such participant (including exercised, canceled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further offer representing in aggregate over 1% of the shares in issue, such further offer of grant must be separately approved by the shareholders in general meeting with such participant and his close associates (or his associates if the participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting.

(e) Time of exercise of option

The exercise period of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board but such period must not exceed 10 years from the date on which the offer of the grant of the relevant option is made.

Unless otherwise determined by the Board and specified in the offer letter at the time of offer, there is neither any performance target that needs to be achieved by the grantee before an option can be exercised nor any minimum period for which an option must be held before the option can be exercised.

(f) Payment on acceptance of option

An option shall be deemed to have been accepted when the duplicate of the offer letter, comprising acceptance of the option, duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance in favor of the Company of \$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by the secretary of the Company within 28 days from the date of offer.

(g) Basis of determining the subscription price

The subscription price shall be determined by the Board and notified to a participant at the time of offer of the option(s) and shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the SEHK's daily quotations sheets on the date of offer, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the SEHK's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal or par value of the shares.

(h) Remaining life

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing from the adoption of the Share Option Scheme on 2 November 2021.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Share award scheme

A share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") was adopted by the Board on 29 June 2018 (the "Adoption Date") as an incentive arrangement to recognize the contributions by certain employees and to attract and retain suitable personnel for the development of the Group. Pursuant to the rules of the scheme (the "Scheme Rules"), shares of the Company will be acquired by a trustee at the cost of the Company and be held in trust for selected employees until the end of each vesting period. The shares will be transferred to the selected employees upon vesting. The selected employees are not required to pay any purchase price for the transfer of the vested shares. No new shares of the Company will be issued under the Share Award Scheme.

1. Movements of awarded shares

Movements of the awarded shares granted to selected employees pursuant to the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:

			Number of awarded shares					
Awardee	Date of award	Vesting period	Outstanding at 1 July 2022	Awarded during the year	Vested during the year	Canceled during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 30 June 2023
Employees Five highest paid individuals (apart from Directors)	28 February 2020	28 February 2021 to 28 February 2023 ¹	7,200	-	(7,200) ²	-	-	-
Other employees	28 February 2020	28 February 2021 to 28 February 2023 ¹	410,605	-	(380,885) ²	-	(29,720)	-

Notes:

- 1. 30% of the awarded shares shall vest on the first and second anniversary date of the date of award and the balance shall vest on the third anniversary date of the date of award.
- 2. The weighted average closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the awarded shares were vested was \$5.160 per share.

The number of awarded shares available for grant under the scheme mandate of the Share Award Scheme was 107,171,217 on both 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2. Principal terms of the Share Award Scheme

A summary of the principal terms of the Share Award Scheme is set out below:

(a) Purpose and objectives

The specific objectives of the Share Award Scheme are (i) to recognize the contributions by certain employees and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group; and (ii) to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

(b) Administration

The Share Award Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the Board in accordance with the Scheme Rules.

(c) Duration

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the Scheme Rules, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on the Adoption Date.

(d) Maximum limit

The total number of shares that may be awarded under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the shares in issue (i.e., 1,124,269,277 shares) as at the Adoption Date.

(e) Operation of the Share Award Scheme

Pursuant to the Scheme Rules, the Board may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion select any employee (excluding any excluded employee as defined in the Scheme Rules) for participation in the Share Award Scheme as a selected employee and determine the reference awarded sum for the purchase and/or allocation of awarded shares.

The Board shall cause to be paid to a trustee an amount equal to the aggregate of the reference awarded sums and the related purchase expenses. The trustee shall purchase from the market the relevant number of shares in accordance with written instructions issued by the Board from time to time and shall hold such shares until they are vested in accordance with the Scheme Rules.

When a selected employee has satisfied all vesting conditions specified by the Board at the time of making the award and becomes entitled to the shares forming the subject of the award, the trustee shall transfer the relevant awarded shares to that selected employee. The selected employees are not required to pay any purchase price for the transfer of the vested shares.

(f) Vesting and Lapse

Subject to any applicable provisions of the Scheme Rules, the awarded shares shall vest in accordance with the timetable as set out in the Scheme Rules. 30% of the awarded shares shall vest on the first and second anniversary date of the date of award and the balance shall vest on the third anniversary date of the date of award. Vesting of the awarded shares will be conditional on the selected employee remaining an employee of the Group until and on each of the relevant vesting dates.

Where the awarded shares do not vest in accordance with the Scheme Rules, the trustee shall hold such shares for the benefit of one or more employees of the Group as it determines in its discretion, after having taken into account the recommendations of the Board.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(g) Voting Rights

The trustee shall not exercise the voting rights in respect of any shares held under the trust.

(h) Termination

The Share Award Scheme shall terminate on the earlier of the 10th anniversary date of the Adoption Date or such date of early termination as determined by the Board provided that such termination shall not affect any subsisting rights of the selected employees.

Interests of substantial shareholder

As at 30 June 2023, the interests or short positions of the persons, other than Directors or chief executive of the Company, in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

Long positions in shares of the Company

Name	Total number of shares	% of issued voting shares
Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited ("SHKP") ¹	806,362,555	72.88%
HSBC Trustee (C.I.) Limited ("HSBCCI") ²	807,292,867	72.96%

Notes:

- 1. TFS Development Company Limited ("TFS") and Cellular 8 Holdings Limited ("Cellular 8", a wholly owned subsidiary of TFS) held 43,162,883 shares and 763,199,672 shares in the Company respectively. For the purpose of Part XV of the SFO, TFS was deemed to be interested in 763,199,672 shares in the Company held by Cellular 8. Accordingly, TFS had interests and deemed interests in an aggregate of 806,362,555 shares in the Company.
 - In addition, TFS is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fourseas Investments Limited ("Fourseas") which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of SHKP. For the purpose of Part XV of the SFO, SHKP and Fourseas were also deemed to be interested in the above-mentioned 806,362,555 shares in the Company.
- 2. As HSBCCI is entitled to control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at general meetings of SHKP, HSBCCI is deemed to have interest in the 806,362,555 shares of the Company held indirectly by SHKP for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2023, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Arrangement to acquire shares or debentures

Saved as disclosed in the sections entitled "Directors' and chief executive's interests", "Share option scheme" and "Share award scheme" above, at no time during the year, (i) the Directors and chief executive (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) had any interest in, or had been granted, or exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares (or warrants or debentures, if applicable) of the Company, its specified undertakings and its other associated corporations required to be disclosed pursuant to the SFO and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622); and (ii) was the Company, its subsidiaries, its fellow subsidiaries, its parent company or its other associated corporations a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and chief executive of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) to hold any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the Company or its specified undertakings or other associated corporation.

Directors' interests in competing business

None of the Directors of the Company has interest in any business which may compete with the business of the Group.

Permitted indemnity provision

The Bye-laws of the Company provide that every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto, to the extent permitted by the laws.

The Company has also taken out and maintained Directors' and officers' liabilities insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for certain legal actions that may be brought against its Directors and officers.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of the Company's shares in the market at the date of this report.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company repurchased 359,500 shares of the Company on the SEHK. These repurchased shares were cancelled prior to 30 June 2023. Details of the repurchases were as follows:

Month of repurchase	Number of shares — repurchased	Price per share		
		Highest \$	Lowest \$	Aggregate price paid \$
September 2022	151,000	4.12	4.12	622,000
October 2022	147,500	4.13	4.08	605,000
November 2022	61,000	3.87	3.84	236,000
	359,500			1,463,000

The Directors considered that the repurchases could lead to an enhancement of the Company's earnings per share. Save as disclosed above, and except that the trustee of the share award scheme of the Company, pursuant to the terms of the rules and trust deed of the scheme, purchased on the SEHK a total of 341,993 shares of the Company at a total consideration of \$1,743,000, at no time during the year ended 30 June 2023 was there any purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's shares.

Pre-emptive rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Equity-linked agreements

Saved for the share option scheme as set out in this report, no equity-linked agreement that would or might result in the Company issuing shares, or that requiring the Company to enter into an agreement that would or might result in the Company issuing shares, was entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Major suppliers and customers

The percentages of the Group's purchases attributable to major suppliers are as follows:

Percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier Percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers 27% 40%

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company) had an interest in the major suppliers noted above.

During the year, the Group sold less than 30% of its total goods and services to its five largest customers.

Connected transactions

- 1. Certain related party transactions as disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements also constituted connected transactions. The following transactions between certain connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the Group have been entered into and/or are continuing for which relevant announcements, if necessary, had been made by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.
 - (a) Certain subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP, the controlling shareholder of the Company, have leased premises to the Group for use as offices, retail stores and warehouses and have granted licenses to the Group for the installation of base stations, antennae and telephone cables on certain premises owned by them. During the year ended 30 June 2023, the aggregate amounts of right-of-use assets acquired and the payments recognized as expenses under such leases and licenses were \$54,211,000 and \$22,987,000 respectively.
 - (b) Sun Hung Kai Properties Insurance Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of SHKP, provides general insurance services to the Group. For the year ended 30 June 2023, insurance premiums paid and payable were \$3,917,000.
 - (c) The Group provides technical services for the properties owned or managed by certain subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP for enhancement of mobile coverage in the properties. For the year ended 30 June 2023, the revenue received or receivable by the Group were \$12,118,000.
 - (d) The Group provides information and communication technology (ICT) solutions to certain subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP covering, among others, business digitalization, connectivity and industry-specific solutions. For the year ended 30 June 2023, the revenue received or receivable were \$83,427,000.

The above continuing connected transactions have been reviewed by the Company's Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Independent Non-Executive Directors confirmed that these transactions were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; on normal commercial terms or better; and according to the agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

(Financial figures are expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules", issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group under this section in accordance with paragraph 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

2. At 30 June 2023, the Group had an interest in an associate, the major shareholder of which is a subsidiary of SHKP. The principal activity of the associate is to invest in an equity fund which primarily invests in technology related companies in the People's Republic of China.

The above disclosure of the continuing connected transactions of the Group has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Auditor

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. As recommended by the Audit Committee of the Company, a resolution for their re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond

Chairman

Hong Kong, 1 September 2023

KWOK Ping-luen, Raymond Chairman & Non-Executive Director

Mr. Raymond Kwok (aged 70) has been with the Group since April 1992 and was appointed Director of the Company in October 1996. He holds a Master of Arts degree in Law from Cambridge University, a Master's degree in Business Administration from Harvard University, an Honorary Doctorate degree in Business Administration from Hong Kong Metropolitan University and an Honorary Doctorate degree in Laws from The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. Kwok is the chairman and managing director of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited ("SHKP"). He is also a director of Cellular 8 Holdings Limited ("Cellular 8") and TFS Development Company Limited ("TFS"). SHKP, Cellular 8 and TFS are the substantial shareholders of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Mr. Kwok is also the chairman and an executive director of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd., and a non-executive director of Transport International Holdings Limited and Wing Tai Properties Limited.

In civic activities, Mr. Kwok is a director of The Real Estate Developers Association of Hong Kong and a member of the Council of The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. Kwok is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

CHEUNG Wing-yui Deputy Chairman & Non-Executive Director

Mr. Cheung Wing-yui (aged 73) was appointed Director of the Company in March 2003. Mr. Cheung received a Bachelor of Commerce degree in accountancy from The University of New South Wales, Australia and is a member of the CPA Australia. He has been a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong since 1979 and is a consultant of the law firm Woo Kwan Lee & Lo. Mr. Cheung was also admitted as a solicitor in the United Kingdom and as an advocate and solicitor in Singapore.

Mr. Cheung is a vice chairman and a non-executive director of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd. He is also a non-executive director of Tai Sang Land Development Limited and Transport International Holdings Limited. He is a non-executive director of Sun Hung Kai Properties Insurance Limited, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited.

Mr. Cheung retired as a non-executive director of Tianjin Development Holdings Limited with effect from 21 June 2023.

Mr. Cheung is currently a member of the Sponsorship & Development Fund Committee and a court member of Hong Kong Metropolitan University, a director of the Community Chest of Hong Kong Limited, and an honorary council member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors Limited. He had held the positions of deputy chairman of the council of Hong Kong Metropolitan University, the deputy chairman of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors Limited, a director of Po Leung Kuk, the vice chairman of the Mainland Legal Affairs Committee of The Law Society of Hong Kong and a member of the Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance).

Mr. Cheung was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) in 2013.

Mr. Cheung was awarded an honorary degree of Doctor of Business Administration from Hong Kong Metropolitan University in 2016.

FUNG Yuk-lun, Allen Deputy Chairman & Executive Director

Mr. Allen Fung (aged 55) was appointed Non-Executive Director of the Company in December 2013 and was redesignated as Executive Director in August 2020. Mr. Fung obtained an undergraduate degree (Modern History) from Oxford University and holds a doctoral degree in History and East Asian Languages from Harvard University. He was a recipient of a Guggenheim Fellowship in 1996. Mr. Fung was a Teaching Fellow at Harvard University in 1993 to 1994 and a visiting Assistant Professor of History at Brown University in 1996 to 1997. From 1997 to 2013, Mr. Fung worked in McKinsey & Company ("McKinsey"), a global management consulting company. He was the managing partner of McKinsey Hong Kong from 2004 to 2010. In 2011, he became a director of McKinsey globally.

Mr. Fung is an executive director and a member of the executive committee of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited ("SHKP"), as well as the chief executive officer of the SHKP group's non-property related portfolio investments. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of SHKP. Mr. Fung is a vice chairman and an executive director of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd., and a non-executive director of Transport International Holdings Limited.

Mr. Fung is a member of the General Committee of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce, the vice president of The Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups, and has been elected a Professor of Practice at The Hong Kong Management Association, and the vice chairman of the board of The Hong Kong Philharmonic Society Limited. Mr. Fung is a board member of the Hong Kong Tourism Board, and a member of the Museum Advisory Committee of the Leisure and Cultural Services Department of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

Mr. Fung is also a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company, and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

LAU Yeuk-hung, Fiona Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Fiona Lau (aged 41) was appointed Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company in February 2023.

Prior to joining SmarTone, Ms. Lau was an executive director and the chief commercial officer of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd. ("SUNeVision"). Since 2017, she has taken up various sales and business development roles in SUNeVision, spearheading the transformation of the company into a customer-centric organization. Ms. Lau is currently a non-executive director of SUNeVision.

Prior to joining Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited in 2017 and taking up various leadership roles at SUNeVision, Ms. Lau was a director at BlackRock Asset Management (North Asia), where she held a number of senior positions across the chairman's office, corporate strategy, and retail and private banking functions from 2010 to 2017. Between 2005 and 2010 she worked in McKinsey & Company and held the position of engagement manager.

A graduate of The University of Chicago, Ms. Lau holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Philosophy.

Ms. Lau is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

CHAU Kam-kun, Stephen Executive Director

Mr. Stephen Chau (aged 62) was appointed Executive Director of the Company in April 2015. He has been with the Company since 1993. He joined the Company as Head of Operations and was made Chief Technology Officer since 1999. He has been responsible for the Company's information and communications technology strategy, roadmap and deployment; he has also led the Company in a number of commercial initiatives.

Mr. Chau's leadership has shaped the Company's technological innovations, impacting all areas of business operations and establishing sustainable competitive advantages. He is responsible for the Company's high performance network, which is widely recognized for its superior voice and data experience. He is the architect of the Company's advanced service platform which enables its many proprietary services, offering differentiation in the marketplace and real value to customers. Mr. Chau also oversees the evolution of the Company's industry leading customer management and support systems enabling frontline staff to provide award-winning customer care.

Mr. Chau has held various senior management positions in telecommunications companies. He is a member of The Institution of Engineering and Technology (IET), UK and a Chartered Engineer of the Institute of Electrical Engineers, UK.

Mr. Chau is a Board Director of the Hong Kong Applied Science and Technology Research Institute Company Limited (ASTRI) and a member of its Technology Review Panel. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Communications Association of Hong Kong (CAHK).

Mr. Chau is also a member of the Advisory Committee of the Department of Electronic Engineering of The Chinese University of Hong Kong and the Departmental Advisory Committee of the Department of Electrical Engineering of City University of Hong Kong.

Mr. Chau is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

David Norman PRINCE Non-Executive Director

Mr. David Prince (aged 72) was appointed Director of the Company in July 2005. Mr. Prince has over 20 years' experience of operating at board level in an international environment. Mr. Prince is a member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (UK) and the Chartered Institute of Purchasing and Supply (UK). He is a non-executive director of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd. He is also a director of Wilson Group Limited and a consultant of Sun Hung Kai Real Estate Agency Limited, both are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited.

Mr. Prince is currently a non-executive director and a member of the audit committee of Adecco SA which is the global leader in human resources services.

Mr. Prince was group finance director of Cable and Wireless plc. until December 2003 and prior to this, spent some 12 years working in the telecommunications industry in Hong Kong, Mainland China and Asia. From 1994 to 2000 he was finance director and latterly deputy chief executive officer of Hong Kong Telecommunications Limited until it was acquired by PCCW in 2000. He went on to join PCCW plc. as group chief financial officer. In 2002, he left PCCW to join Cable and Wireless as group finance director. Prior to his time in Hong Kong he held senior management roles for Cable and Wireless. His early career was spent in the gas, oil and electronic industries within Europe and the USA.

Mr. Prince is also a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company.

SIU Hon-wah, Thomas Non-Executive Director

Mr. Thomas Siu (aged 70) was appointed Director of the Company in July 2008. Mr. Siu was the managing director of Wilson Group, which is a major transport infrastructure services provider in Hong Kong and is wholly-owned by Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited, and is currently a consultant of Wilson Group. Prior to joining Wilson Group, Mr. Siu had more than 25 years of experience in telecommunications and IT sectors. His experience covers finance, business operations and development. Mr. Siu is also a non-executive director of SUNeVision Holdings Ltd.

Mr. Siu holds a MPhil degree from the University of Cambridge and a PhD degree in Information Systems. He is a Certified Public Accountant and is a member of the British Computer Society.

LI Ka-cheung, Eric, JP Independent Non-Executive Director

Dr. Eric Li (aged 70), GBS, OBE, JP, LLD, DSocSc., HonDSocSc (EdUHK), B.A., FCPA, FCA, FCPA (Aust.), was appointed Director of the Company in October 1996. Dr. Li is the honorary chairman of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited.

Dr. Li is an independent non-executive director of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited, Transport International Holdings Limited, Wong's International Holdings Limited and China Resources Beer (Holdings) Company Limited. Dr. Li was an independent non-executive director of Hang Seng Bank Limited.

Dr. Li is a member of the 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He was a former member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong and chairman of its Public Accounts Committee, a past president of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a former convenor-cummember of the Financial Reporting Review Panel.

Dr. Li is also chairman of the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee of the Company.

NG Leung-sing, JP Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ng Leung-sing (aged 74) was appointed Director of the Company in June 1997. Mr. Ng is chairman of Bank of China (Hong Kong) Trustees Limited and a director of BOCHK Charitable Foundation. He is also an independent non-executive director of Nine Dragons Paper (Holdings) Limited and Grand Brilliance Group Holdings Limited.

Mr. Ng is a Hong Kong Deputy to the 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China.

Mr. Ng was the vice-chairman of Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited from 2002 to 2017, general manager of the Bank-wide Operation Department of Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited from 2005 to 2009, and executive director and general manager of The China and South Sea Bank Limited, Hong Kong from 1990 to 1998. He was the Chinese Representative of the Sino-British Land Commission and the trustee of the Hong Kong Government Land Fund from 1988 to 1997, a member of the Corporate Contribution Program Organization Committee of The Community Chest of Hong Kong from 1992 to 1996, a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong from 1996 to 2004 and from 2012 to 2016, a member of the Hong Kong Housing Authority from 1996 to 2004, a member of the Court of Lingnan University from 1999 to 2011, a member of the managing board of the Kowloon-Canton Railway Corporation from 2004 to 2007, and a member of the board of management of the Chinese Permanent Cemeteries from 2009 to 2015. Mr. Ng was also an independent non-executive director of MTR Corporation Limited from 2007 to 2017, a director of The Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation Limited from 2014 to 2018 and an independent non-executive director of Hanhua Financial Holding Co., Ltd. from 2013 to 15 October 2022.

Mr. Ng was appointed as the Justice of the Peace in 2001, and was awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star by the HKSAR government in 2004.

Mr. Ng is also a member of the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee of the Company.

GAN Fock-kin, Eric Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Eric Gan (aged 60) was appointed Director of the Company in December 2005. Mr. Gan is the Chief Executive Officer of Cybereason Inc., a provider of endpoint detection and response software used to detect anomalous activity on networks and systems.

Mr. Gan was the founder and president of eAccess Ltd., the fourth mobile operator (EMOBILE brand) in Japan which became a wholly-owned subsidiary of SoftBank Corp in 2013. Mr. Gan was an executive vice president of Softbank Corp. until he joined Cybereason in April 2023.

Mr. Gan was born in Hong Kong and graduated from Imperial College, University of London.

Mr. Gan is also chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company.

LAM Kwok-fung, Kenny Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kenny Lam (aged 49) was appointed Director of the Company in March 2017.

Mr. Lam is currently chief executive officer of Two Sigma Asia Pacific, Limited and head of the Asia Pacific region of Two Sigma. Mr. Lam is also an independent non-executive director of Bank of East Asia (China) Limited and Shui On Xintiandi Limited.

Mr. Lam was group president of Noah Holdings Limited (Listed on the New York Stock Exchange) until March 2019. Prior to Noah, Mr. Lam was a global partner at McKinsey & Company based in Hong Kong, a co-Leader of the firm's Asia Financial Institutions Practice, and head of its Asia Private Banking and Asset Management Practice. Before McKinsey, Mr. Lam was with American law firm Shearman & Sterling in New York and Hong Kong.

Mr. Lam is a member of the Asia Business Leaders Advisory Council for the Government of Canada (under the Asia Pacific Foundation), and a member of the Executive Board for Asia of the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Lam graduated with a MA (Honours) in Law from Oxford University and magna cum laude with a BS in Finance from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he was a Joseph Wharton Scholar and a Benjamin Franklin Scholar.

LEE Yau-tat, Samuel Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Samuel Lee (aged 56) was appointed Director of the Company in April 2021.

Mr. Lee is the chief executive officer of Digital Edge DC. He co-founded the company in 2020 with an aim in transforming the data center business and building digital infrastructure platforms for businesses in Asia-Pacific. With more than 25 years of experiences in the IT and telecom industry, Mr. Lee is widely recognized as a dynamic and forward-looking business leader, with proven track record in driving business growth and expanding the data center business footprint in the Asia-Pacific region.

Prior to joining Digital Edge DC, Mr. Lee was the President of Equinix Asia-Pacific, overseeing the company's management, strategy and growth in the region. In this role, he successfully led the growth and expansion of the company's business, including its acquisitions of Asia Tone, Bit-isle and Metronode, and the ongoing integration of the company's regional operations into its global business. Under his leadership, Equinix's business in Asia-Pacific had undergone rapid expansion to become one of the market leaders in the region with more than 40 data centers in 12 markets, and with its revenue to reach US\$1 billion. Mr. Lee also held senior management positions at various leading technology companies, including Pacific Gateway Exchange, Teleglobe International, Intel and Sprint. In addition, he was the founder of a consulting firm offering strategic consultation services to network providers in Asia. Mr. Lee has been a senior advisor for Sun Hung Kai Real Estate Agency Limited since September 2019.

Mr. Lee holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in International Business from the City University of Hong Kong.

Peter KUNG Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Peter Kung (aged 61) was appointed Director of the Company in March 2022.

Mr. Kung is a member of the 13th and 14th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He is currently Vice President of Guangdong's Association For Promotion of Cooperation between Guangdong, Hong Kong & Macao and Guangdong-HK-Macao Bay Area Entrepreneurs Union. He is also a member of the Chief Executive's Policy Unit Expert Group (Economic Advancement) of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

Mr. Kung graduated from the University of Liverpool in 1984. He is Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also Fellow of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and served as its president from 2007 to 2009.

Mr. Kung became a partner of KPMG in 1997, Head of China Tax in Hong Kong and Southern China in 2001, Senior Partner of KPMG's Shenzhen office in 2006 and Senior Partner of KPMG's Southern China region in 2010. He was Vice Chairman of KPMG China from 2013 to 2017 and Senior Advisor to KPMG China from 2018 to 2019.

Mr. Kung is an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of ORIX Asia Limited and Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited ("Kingboard Laminates"). He is also an independent non-executive director of CCB International (Holdings) Limited ("CCB International"). Both Kingboard and CCB International are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Kung is a member of the board and chairman of the audit committee of eBRAM, and a non-executive director and chairman of A SPAC (HK) Acquisition Corp. He has been a China Tax Advisor to Sun Hung Kai Real Estate Agency Limited since October 2019.

Notes:

Saved as disclosed in the Directors' respective biographical details under this section, the Directors (1) have not held any directorships in other public listed companies, whether in Hong Kong or overseas, during the last three years; (2) do not hold any other positions in the Company and its subsidiaries; and (3) do not have any other relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

No service contracts have been signed between the Company and the Directors (except Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona and Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen) and there is no fixed term of their service with the Company. Their appointments are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company and the Listing Rules. They are entitled to directors' fees which are determined by the Board under the authority granted by shareholders at annual general meetings. The fees are subject to annual assessment based on prevailing market rate of directors' fees for companies listed in Hong Kong.

Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona, Executive Director, entered into an agreement with the Group for her serving as an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, with no fixed term of service. Ms. Lau is entitled to a basic salary which is subject to review by the Board from time to time with reference to her responsibility and performance. She is also entitled to a discretionary performance bonus, the computation of which is based on her performance and contributions to the Group. For the role as a Director of the Company, Ms. Lau will retire and be re-elected by shareholders at the next general meeting of the Company after her appointment. Thereafter, Ms. Lau will be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company and the Listing Rules. Ms. Lau is entitled to a director's fee which is determined by the Board under the authority granted by shareholders at annual general meetings. The fee is subject to annual assessment based on prevailing market rate of directors' fees for companies listed in Hong Kong.

There is an employment contract entered into between Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen, Executive Director, and a subsidiary of the Company for his serving as the Company's Chief Technology Officer. As the Chief Technology Officer, Mr. Chau is entitled to a basic salary which is subject to review by the Board from time to time with reference to his responsibility and performance. He is also entitled to a discretionary bonus, the computation of which is based on his performance and profitability of the Group. Mr. Chau has no fixed term of service with the Company for acting as a director of the Company. Mr. Chau's appointment as a director of the Company is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at annual general meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company and the Listing Rules. Mr. Chau is entitled to a director's fee which is determined by the Board under the authority granted by shareholders at annual general meetings. The fee is subject to annual assessment based on prevailing market rate of directors' fees for companies listed in Hong Kong.

The details of the emoluments of the Directors on a named basis for the year ended 30 June 2023 are disclosed in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors' interests in shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations, if any, within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance as at 30 June 2023 are disclosed in the "Directors' and chief executive's interests" section of the Report of the Directors on pages 45 to 48 of this Annual Report.

Senior management

The Executive Directors of the Company are also members of senior management of the Group.

STAFF ENGAGEMENT

Together We Nurture

1. Grooming Talents

Introduce diversified opportunities for people and career development, including cross-sector exchanges for frontline service staff, influencing skills training as well as lunch & learn sessions, to nurture employees and enable them to explore their personal potential and professional ability to achieve all-round development.



2. Caring For Staff

Promotes work-life balance to establish a fun and relaxing workplace with a range of festive activities and health series, including office yoga, message, and sound bath to organise caring activities and initiatives.

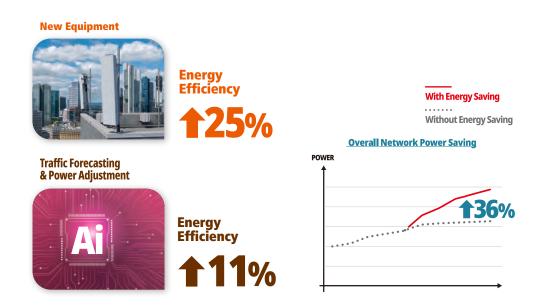


COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Sustaining Our Future

1. Green 5G Network

SmarTone has successfully improved its energy efficiency by deploying the latest technologies in its mobile network. By modernising base station hardware and software, we achieved a 25% energy efficiency improvement. Additionally, SmarTone utilised an Al-based solution to dynamically adjust power consumption based on traffic pattern, resulting in further 11% energy efficiency gain without compromising network performance. These combined effort has led to an impressive overall energy efficiency improvement of 36%, demonstrating SmarTone's commitment to sustainability and minimising energy consumption.



2. Cybersecurity Awareness

SmarTone has always placed great importance on network security. We launched a "3 Security Tips" educational campaign to help customers easily identify scam messages. SmarTone is also introducing an exclusive new group of cartoon characters, "Guardians of Network Security", to promote network security and help customers outsmart scammers and enjoy peace of mind.





COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

3. SmarTone 5G Ednovation Programme

"SmarTone 5G Ednovation Programme" is an initiative to bring 5G technology into school campuses through integrating education and innovation. SmarTone develops diversified 5G solutions that can assist teachers in achieving their educational goals, enhancing teaching efficiency, as well as stimulating students' passion in STEM learning.

The SmarTone team provided "5G Smart Hydroponics Planting System", "5G Power-Saving Bus Classroom" and "5G Smart Terrarium" for students to enjoy innovative learning experiences.



COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

4. Caring For The Community

Smartone Volunteer Team sending care and warmth to those in need in the community through collaboration with Gingkohouse, Hope worldwide and HKSKH Lok Man Alice Kwok Integrated Service Centre to host various activities to build a harmonious society. We received an award of appreciation during the 2020-22 Community Engagement Awards Ceremony organised by the Senior Citizen Home Safety Association (SCHSA) for our efforts in supporting the elderly.



GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars in millions except per share amounts)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Consolidated profit and loss account					
Revenues	6,763	6,957	6,720	6,986	8,415
Profit attributable to Company's shareholders	269	423	445	379	632
Basic earnings per share (\$)	0.24	0.38	0.40	0.34	0.56
Dividends Total dividends Total per share for the year (\$)	354 0.32	332 0.30	333 0.30	331 0.295	438 0.39
Consolidated balance sheet				,	
Total assets Current liabilities	10,898 (2,704)	12,581 (4,091)	10,650 (2,660)	10,432 (2,874)	9,883 (2,673)
Total assets less current liabilities Non-current liabilities Non-controlling interests	8,194 (3,110) –	8,490 (3,336) –	7,990 (2,893) 22	7,558 (2,545) 20	7,210 (2,133) (20)
Net assets	5,084	5,154	5,119	5,033	5,057
Share capital Reserves	111 4,973	111 5,043	111 5,008	112 4,921	112 4,945
Total equity attributable to the Company's shareholders	5,084	5,154	5,119	5,033	5,057



羅兵咸永道

To the Shareholders of SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited (incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") which are set out on pages 78 to 152, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2023;
- the consolidated profit and loss account for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are related to revenue recognition and expected credit loss assessment of financial assets at amortized cost.

Key Audit Matter

Revenue recognition

Refer to note 2(y) – Summary of significant accounting policies, note 3(a) – Critical accounting estimates and judgements and note 5 – Segment reporting

The Group recognized revenue of HK\$6,763 million from the provision of telecommunication services and sale of handsets and accessories for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Management's judgement is required to identify the number of performance obligations for each contract, assess the relative standalone selling price of each performance obligation and the allocation of revenue among those different performance obligations in multiple-element contracts.

Significant effort is spent in auditing the revenue recognized by the Group because of the high volume of transactions, frequent changes to a variety of tariff structures and different types of multiple-element contracts.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to revenue recognition included, but were not limited to:

- Understanding management's control and processes in relation to revenue recognition and assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the judgement involved in determining the assumptions to be applied.
- Assessing the appropriateness of management's assessments on the identification of performance obligations based on the contractual agreements;
- Assessing the reasonableness of management's judgement and estimates used to determine the standalone selling price of each performance obligation and to allocate revenue to multipleelement arrangements with reference to observable market data:
- Testing the key controls over the capture and measurement of revenue transactions and performing detailed testing of revenue transactions, on a sample basis, by tracing the transactions from the billing systems to supporting documents, such as underlying invoices, contractual agreements and evidence of cash receipts; and
- Testing, on a sample basis, the calculation and allocation of total transaction prices to each performance obligation of multiple-element arrangements.

Key Audit Matters (Continued)

Key Audit Matter

Expected credit loss ("ECL") assessment of financial assets at amortized cost

Refer to note 2(k) – Summary of significant accounting policies, note 3(e) – Critical accounting estimates and judgements, and note 23 – Financial assets at amortized cost.

The Group has investments in debt securities which are classified as financial assets at amortized cost. The related charge to the ECL for the financial assets at amortized cost of HK\$201 million was recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2023, resulting in carrying values of the financial assets at amortized cost of HK\$170 million as at 30 June 2023.

The Group assessed whether the credit risk of the debt securities has increased significantly since their initial recognition and applied a three-stage impairment model approach to calculate the ECL. For debt securities that are classified as stage 1 or stage 2, the Group assessed the ECL using a model that incorporated relevant assumptions, including probability of default ("PD") and loss given default ("LGD"). For debt securities that are classified as stage 3, the Group assessed the ECL for each debt securities using various scenarios with probability weightings given to those different scenarios. The assumptions also take into account forward-looking estimates by referencing to macroeconomic factors.

We focus on this area since determining the ECL involves significant management's judgements and is subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty as to potential outcomes, which has increased significantly due to the recent market condition and volatility of the debt security market.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to the ECL assessment of financial assets at amortized cost included, but were not limited to:

- Obtaining an understanding of management's process for the ECL assessment;
- Together with the assistance of our internal valuation expert;
 - Assessing the reasonableness of management's judgement and estimates used to determine the staging by considering various factors such as the Group's historical credit loss experience, the circumstances concerning the business and financial affairs of the underlying debt issuers at the time of initial recognition as well as at the end of the reporting period, relevant industry information and expected industry outlook; and
 - Assessing the reasonableness and appropriateness
 of the selection and application of models and
 underlying key assumptions, including the PD,
 LGD and expected cashflows, the application of
 multiple scenarios and assigned probability
 in the model by considering the supporting
 evidence such as credit reports issued by credible
 agencies, the latest financial information available
 from the debt securities issuers and other relevant
 information.

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Ka Yee.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 1 September 2023

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Notes	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Service revenue and other related service Handset and accessory sales		4,546,174 2,216,710	4,488,597 2,468,688
Revenues Cost of inventories sold	5	6,762,884 (2,199,365)	6,957,285 (2,402,302)
Cost of services provided Staff costs	6	(392,289) (730,885)	(370,175) (652,017)
Other operating expenses, net	9	(978,229)	(957,462)
Depreciation, amortization and loss on disposal	9	(1,759,682)	(1,831,707)
Operating profit		702,434	743,622
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost	9	(201,257)	(31,000)
Finance income	7	84,899	32,635
Finance costs	8	(132,693)	(145,440)
Profit before income tax	9	453,383	599,817
Income tax expense	10	(184,537)	(176,891)
Profit after income tax		268,846	422,926
Profit attributable to			
Company's shareholders		268,846	423,170
Non-controlling interests		_	(244)
		268,846	422,926
Earnings per share for profit attributable to Company's shareholders during the year (expressed in cents per share)	14		
Basic		24.3	38.2
Diluted		24.3	38.2

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Profit for the year	268,846	422,926
Other comprehensive loss		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss: Currency translation differences Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss:	(1,138)	(400)
Fair value loss on financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	(8,903)	(561)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	(10,041)	(961)
Total comprehensive income for the year	258,805	421,965
Total comprehensive income attributable to		
Company's shareholders Non-controlling interests	258,805 -	422,209 (244)
	258,805	421,965

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

At 30 June 2023 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Notes	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets	16	2,925,297	2,736,212
Customer acquisition costs	17	101,702	87,608
Contract assets	18	32,241	42,747
Right-of-use assets	19	764,873	917,635
Interest in an associate	21	3	3
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	22	7,291	16,194
Financial assets at amortized cost	23	147,832	336,973
Intangible assets	24	4,431,409	4,904,742
Deposits and prepayments	25	79,326	130,145
Deferred income tax assets	26	6,447	7,468
Total non-current assets		8,496,421	9,179,727
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	28	1,155,152	385,467
Short-term bank deposits	28	_	1,755,049
Contract assets	18	93,287	88,312
Trade receivables	25	351,339	343,809
Deposits and prepayments	25	252,548	243,751
Other receivables	25	62,565	82,402
Financial assets at amortized cost	23	21,749	54,783
Inventories	27	106,333	100,036
Tax reserve certificates		359,549	347,796
Total current assets		2,402,522	3,401,405
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	29	317,302	239,453
Other payables and accruals	29	660,926	723,543
Contract liabilities	30	357,568	332,394
Lease liabilities	31	532,088	576,299
Current income tax liabilities		611,198	557,318
Bank and other borrowings	32	2,200	1,444,812
Spectrum utilization fee liabilities	33	222,922	217,609
Total current liabilities		2,704,204	4,091,428

ANNHAL REPORT 2022/23

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

At 30 June 2023 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Notes	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Non-current liabilities			
Asset retirement obligations	34	63,309	75,710
Contract liabilities	30	6,940	14,455
Lease liabilities	31	254,906	328,522
Bank and other borrowings	32	63,800	66,000
Spectrum utilization fee liabilities	33	2,578,218	2,734,426
Deferred income tax liabilities	26	143,079	116,807
Total non-current liabilities		3,110,252	3,335,920
Net assets		5,084,487	5,153,784
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	35	110,646	110,579
Reserves		4,973,841	5,043,205
Total equity		5,084,487	5,153,784

The financial statements on pages 78 to 152 were approved by the Board of Directors on 1 September 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond

Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona

Director Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Notes	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		453,383	599,817
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of fixed assets	16	532,220	639,345
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	19	660,503	668,914
Amortization of intangible assets	24	473,333	431,828
Amortization of customer acquisition costs	17	87,333	80,373
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	9	6,293	11,247
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost		201,257	31,000
Finance income	7	(84,899)	(32,635)
Finance costs	8	132,693	145,440
Share-based payments	6	2,094	2,284
		2,464,210	2,577,613
Changes in working capital		(6.207)	(42.612)
Increase in inventories Decrease in contract assets, trade receivables, deposits,		(6,297)	(42,613)
prepayments and other receivables		63,666	21,598
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables, accruals, contract		05,000	21,390
liabilities and deferred income		22,694	(152,585)
Capitalization of customer acquisition costs		(101,427)	(91,107)
Capitalization of customer acquisition costs		(101,427)	(51,107)
Cash generated from operations		2,442,846	2,312,906
Interest paid		(73,377)	(73,022)
Income tax paid		(103,354)	(109,416)
Purchase of tax reserve certificates		(11,753)	(94,312)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		2,254,362	2,036,156
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payment for purchase of fixed assets		(708,774)	(711,676)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		572	73
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost		23,519	62,128
Payment of spectrum utilization fee		(219,636)	(252,682)
Decrease/(increase) in short-term bank deposits		1,754,543	(1,755,049)
Interest received		80,760	35,568
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		930,984	(2,621,638)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Notes	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issue of shares		4,772	_
Payment for repurchase of shares		(1,463)	(22,360)
Purchase of shares for share award scheme		(1,743)	(3,563)
Payment for acquisition of non-controlling interests		_	(8,797)
Redemption of notes payable		(1,427,211)	_
Repayment of bank borrowings		(19,228)	(96,425)
Principal elements of lease payments		(638,845)	(660,012)
Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders		(331,762)	(332,853)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(2,415,480)	(1,124,010)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		769,866	(1,709,492)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		385,467	2,094,884
Effect of foreign exchange rates changes		(181)	75
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	28	1,155,152	385,467

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Attributable to the Company's shareholders											
_				Capital		Employee share-based				Non-	
	Share	Share	Revaluation	redemption	Contributed	compensation	Exchange	Retained		controlling	
	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	surplus	reserve	reserve	profits	Total	interests	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 30 June 2021	111,099	1,640,986	14,857	16,946	1,054	6,043	(1,075)	3,329,063	5,118,973	(21,865)	5,097,108
Comprehensive income											
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	423,170	423,170	(244)	422,926
Other comprehensive loss											
Fair value loss on financial asset at fair value											
through other comprehensive income	-	-	(561)	-	-	-	-	-	(561)	-	(561)
Currency translation differences		-	-	-		-	(400)	-	(400)	_	(400)
Total comprehensive income for the year											
ended 30 June 2022	-	-	(561)	-	_	-	(400)	423,170	422,209	(244)	421,965
Transactions with owners											
Share-based payments (note 6)	_	_	_	_	_	2,284	-	-	2,284	_	2,284
Lapse of share award	-	-	-	-	-	(976)	-	976	-	-	-
Vesting of share award	-	-	-	-	3,435	(5,646)	-	2,211	-	-	-
Repurchase of shares (note 35(a))	(520)	-	-	520	-	-	-	(22,360)	(22,360)	-	(22,360)
Purchase of shares for share award scheme	-	-	-	-	(3,563)	-	-	-	(3,563)	-	(3,563)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,906)	(30,906)	22,109	(8,797)
Payment of 2021 final dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(172,203)	(172,203)	-	(172,203)
Payment of 2022 interim dividend (note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(160,650)	(160,650)	-	(160,650)
Total transactions with owners	(520)	-	-	520	(128)	(4,338)	-	(382,932)	(387,398)	22,109	(365,289)
At 30 June 2022	110,579	1,640,986	14,296	17,466	926	1,705	(1,475)	3,369,301	5,153,784	-	5,153,784

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Attributable	to the	Company's	shareholders
Attributable	to the	Company's	snarenoiders

					to the company				
	Share capital \$000	Share premium \$000	Revaluation reserve \$000	Capital redemption reserve \$000	Contributed surplus \$000	Employee share-based compensation reserve \$000	Exchange reserve \$000	Retained profits \$000	Total \$000
At 30 June 2022	110,579	1,640,986	14,296	17,466	926	1,705	(1,475)	3,369,301	5,153,784
Comprehensive income									
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,846	268,846
Other comprehensive loss									
Fair value loss on financial asset at fair value									
through other comprehensive income	-	-	(8,903)	-	-	-	-	-	(8,903)
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,138)	-	(1,138)
Total comprehensive income for the year									
ended 30 June 2023	-	-	(8,903)	-	-	-	(1,138)	268,846	258,805
Transactions with owners									
Issue of shares	120	6,018	_	_	_	(1,366)	_	_	4,772
Share-based payments (note 6)	-	-	_	-	-	2,094	-	-	2,094
Lapse of share award	-	_	_	_	_	(141)	_	141	-
Vesting of share award	-	-	_	-	1,944	(2,044)	-	100	-
Repurchase of shares (note 35(a))	(53)	-	-	53	-	_	-	(1,463)	(1,463)
Purchase of shares for share award scheme	-	-	_	-	(1,743)	-	-	-	(1,743)
Payment of 2022 final dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(171,325)	(171,325)
Payment of 2023 interim dividend (note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(160,437)	(160,437)
Total transactions with owners	67	6,018	-	53	201	(1,457)	-	(332,984)	(328,102)
At 30 June 2023	110,646	1,647,004	5,393	17,519	1,127	248	(2,613)	3,305,163	5,084,487

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

1 General information

SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the provision of telecommunications services and the sale of handsets and accessories in Hong Kong and Macau.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its head office and principal place of business is 31/F, Millennium City 2, 378 Kwun Tong Road, Kwun Tong, Hong Kong.

The Company has its listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 1 September 2023.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements are for the Group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries.

(a) Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with HKFRS and HKCO

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, measured at fair value.

The Group's current liabilities exceeded current assets by \$301,682,000 as at 30 June 2023. This was mainly due to contract liabilities of \$357,568,000 recognized under HKFRS 15 which will gradually reduce over time through the satisfaction of performance obligations under the contract terms and current portion of lease liabilities of \$532,088,000 where the related right of use assets are classified within non-current assets. Taking into account of the Group's history of cashflows from operations and its expected future working capital requirements and available cash and deposit balances, there are sufficient financial resources available to the Group to meet its obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) Amendments to standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amendments to standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing on 1 July 2022.

Annual Improvements Project Annual Improvements 2018–2020 Cycle

HKAS 16 (Amendments) Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended

Use

HKAS 37 (Amendments)

Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)

Reference to the Conceptual Framework

HKFRS 3, HKAS 16 and HKAS 37 Narrow-scope Amendments

(Amendments)

AG 5 (Revised) Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations

The adoption of these amendments to standard did not have any significant change to the accounting policies or any significant effect on the results and financial position of the Group.

(iii) New standard, amendments to standards and interpretations to existing standards not yet adopted

Certain new standard, amendments to standards and interpretations to existing standards have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2023 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

HKAS 1 (Amendments) Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current¹

HKAS 1 (Amendments)

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants¹

HKAS 1 (Amendments) and

Disclosure of Accounting Policies¹

HKFRS Practice Statement 2

HKAS 8 (Amendments) Definition of Account Estimates¹

HKAS 12 (Amendments) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from

a Single Transaction¹

Amendment to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules¹

HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments) Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture³

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts¹

HK-Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the

Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment

on Demand Clause¹

HKFRS 16 (Amendments)

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback²

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7

Supplier Finance Arrangement²

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.
- The original effective date of 1 January 2016 has been postponed until further announcement.

The Group does not expect that these new standard, amendments to standards and interpretations to existing standards would have any material impact on its results and financial position.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively.

(ii) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting (see (iii) below), after initially being recognized at cost.

(iii) Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates are recognized as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in note 2(j).

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (continued)

(iv) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognized in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

(c) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The board of the Company has appointed the Group's senior executive management to assess the financial performance and position of the Group, and makes strategic decisions.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to bank and other borrowings, financial assets at amortized cost, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated profit and loss account within "finance costs". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated profit and loss account on a net basis within "other operating expenses, net".

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date
 of that balance sheet:
- income and expenses for each profit and loss account and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange difference arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities are recognized in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognized in profit or loss.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at cost less accumulated amortization (where the estimated useful life is other than indefinite) and impairment losses as described in note 2(j).

(i) Spectrum utilization fee

Spectrum utilization fee represents the payments for using the assigned spectrum to provide telecommunication services in Hong Kong within a specified period. The upfront payments and the present value of the annual fixed fees payable over the period are recorded as intangible assets, together with the related obligations. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the remaining assignment period from the date when the asset is ready for its intended use.

The difference between the discounted value and the total of the minimum annual fee payments represents the effective cost of financing and, accordingly, for the period prior to the asset being ready for its intended use, is capitalized as part of the intangible asset consistent with the policy for borrowing costs as set out in note 2(t). Subsequent to the date when the asset is ready for its intended use, such finance costs will be charged to the consolidated profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

Variable annual payments are recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account as incurred.

(g) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the lease term
Buildings	Over the lease term
Network and testing equipment	$6^2/_3\% - 50\%$
Computer, billing and office telephone equipment	$20\% - 33^{1}/_{3}\%$
Other fixed assets	20% - 331/3%

The cost of the network comprises assets and equipment of the telecommunications network purchased at cost. Depreciation of each part of the network commences from the date of launch of the relevant services.

No depreciation is provided for any part of the network under construction, including the equipment therein.

Other fixed assets comprise motor vehicles, equipment, furniture and fixtures.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Fixed assets (continued)

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2(j)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

(h) Leases

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Such determination is made on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement, regardless of whether the arrangements take the legal form of a lease.

Leases are recognized as right-of-use assets and the corresponding lease liabilities at the dates at which the leased assets are available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis.

(i) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group, as a lessee, exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the Group would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Leases (continued)

(i) Lease liabilities (continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the Group as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease.

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until effective. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between the principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

(ii) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentive received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

The right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the assets' useful lives and the lease terms on a straight-line basis.

(iii) Short-term and low-value leases

Payments associated with short-term leases for all classes of underlying assets and all low-value leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease terms as expenses in the consolidated profit and loss account. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Customer acquisition costs eligible for capitalization

The incremental costs of obtaining telecommunications services contracts are those costs that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. These incremental costs are required to be capitalized as an asset when incurred, and amortized on a straight-line basis in the consolidated profit and loss account over the minimum enforceable contractual period.

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

(k) Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will be recorded in other comprehensive income. For investments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

For assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. The Group reclassifies financial assets at amortized cost when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Subsequent measurement of financial assets at amortized cost depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/ (losses), together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated profit and loss account.

Financial assets at fair value

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Investment income from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

(iv) Impairment

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses for:

- financial assets at amortized cost; and
- financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses, measured based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(iv) Impairment (continued)

Expected credit losses are recognized in stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, expected credit losses are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses that result from all possible default events over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

The Group considers a financial asset is in default when the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full, without recourse by the Group to action such as realizing the security (if any is held). A financial asset can be classified as in default but without an allowance for credit losses (i.e. no impairment loss is expected) after taking into account the value of collateral held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. Write-offs can relate to a financial asset in its entirety, or to a portion of it, and constitute a derecognition event.

(I) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Group has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

(m) Inventories

Inventories, comprising handsets and accessories, and purchased parts and materials are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated on the weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less applicable variable selling expenses.

(n) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 45 days and therefore are all classified as current.

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See note 2(k) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) Contract assets

Contract assets relating to multiple-element arrangements are recognized when the Group has performed the service or transferred the good to the customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash at bank and on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(q) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity instruments, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's shareholders as treasury shares until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such ordinary shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's shareholders.

Shares held for share award scheme are deducted from equity.

(r) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair values and subsequently measured at amortized costs using the effective interest method

(s) Contract liabilities

The Group recognizes contract liabilities when a customer pays consideration, or the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, before the Group performs a service or transfers a good to the customer.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(t) Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss as finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries and associate operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(u) Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognized for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(v) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(w) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave arising from services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave, maternity or paternity leave and marriage leave are not recognized until the time of leave.

(ii) Bonus plans

The Group recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(iii) Retirement benefits

The Group operates defined contribution retirement schemes (including Mandatory Provident Funds) for its employees, the assets of which are generally held in separate trustee-administered funds. The schemes are generally funded by payments from the relevant group companies.

Contributions to defined contribution plans, including contributions to Mandatory Provident Funds as required under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, are recognized as an expense in the consolidated profit and loss account when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

The Group pays fixed contributions and has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(w) Employee benefits (continued)

(iv) Share-based payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via share award scheme and share option scheme. Information relating to these schemes is set out in note 36. The Group operates equity-settled, share-based compensation plans under which the Group receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments of the Group.

Share award scheme

Under the share award scheme, shares are issued to employees for no cash consideration. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the award of the shares is recognized as an expense with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the market value of the shares awarded at the grant date. The total expense is recognized over the vesting period which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

The grant by the Company of its own shares to employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as capital contribution. The market value of the shares awarded at the grant date is recognized over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiaries, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity financial statements.

Share option scheme

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, including any market performance conditions (for example, the entity's share price) and the impact of any non-vesting conditions but excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). The total expense is recognized over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specific vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognizes the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated profit and loss account with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognized over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiaries, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity financial statements.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(x) Contingent assets and liabilities

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent assets are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognized.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognized because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognized but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognized as a provision.

(y) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customers, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account as follows:

(i) Sales of goods

Revenue from the sales of goods is recognized when control of the products has been transferred to the customer, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title has passed and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(ii) Provision of services

Revenue from services is measured based on the usage of the Group's telecommunications network and facilities and is recognized when the services are rendered. Service revenue in respect of standard service plans billed in advance is deferred and included under contract liabilities.

(iii) Multiple-element arrangements

The amount of revenue recognized for each performance obligation is determined by considering the standalone selling prices or estimated fair values of each of the services element and handset device element provided within the bundled contracts.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(z) Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortized cost and financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account as part of "finance income".

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

(aa) Dividend income

Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established.

(ab) Earning per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year and excluding shares held for share award scheme.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

• the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(ac) Dividend distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorized and no longer at the discretion of the Group, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

(ad) Financial guarantee

A financial guarantee contract requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. The Group recognizes financial guarantee contract as insurance contract, and performs a liability adequacy test at each reporting date by comparing its net liability regarding the financial guarantee with the amount that would be required if the financial guarantee would result in a present legal or constructive obligation. If the liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account immediately.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(ae) Related parties

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals including key management or other entities.

(af) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Revenue recognition

The amount of revenue recognized for each performance obligation is determined by considering the standalone selling prices or estimated fair values of each of the services element and handset device element provided within the bundled contracts. The Group is required to exercise considerable judgement in relation to estimating the fair value of undelivered element.

(b) Useful lives of fixed assets

The fixed assets used in the network are long-lived but may be subject to technical obsolescence. The annual depreciation charges are sensitive to the estimated economic useful lives the Group allocates to each type of fixed assets. Management performs annual reviews to assess the appropriateness of their estimated economic useful lives. Such reviews take into account the technological changes, prospective economic utilization and physical condition of the assets concerned. The useful lives are estimated at the time the purchases are made after considering the future technology changes, business developments and the Group's strategies. Should there be unexpected adverse changes in the circumstances or events, the Group assesses the need to shorten the useful lives and/or make impairment provisions. Indications of these unexpected adverse changes include declines in projected operating results, negative industry or economic trends and rapid advancement in technology.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(b) Useful lives of fixed assets (continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Group performed a review to reassess the useful lives of certain property, plant and equipment of the Group, based on the expectations of the Group's operational management trends. The reassessment resulted in changes in the estimated useful lives of these assets. The Group considered this to be a change in accounting estimate and therefore accounted for the change on a prospective basis. As a result of this change in accounting estimate, the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2023 increased by \$81 million and the equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company as at 30 June 2023 increased by \$81 million.

(c) Impairment of fixed assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

The Group performs impairment assessment on fixed assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets when there is any impairment indicator. The recoverable amounts are determined based on value-in-use calculations or market valuations. These calculations require judgements and estimates.

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment, particularly in assessing whether (1) an event has occurred that may affect asset values; (2) the carrying value of cash-generating unit can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows from the assets using estimated cash flow projections; and (3) the cash flow is discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management to determine the level, if any, of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumption in the cash flows projections, could significantly affect the Group's reported financial condition and results of operations.

(d) Current and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

(e) Expected credit loss ("ECL") for financial assets at amortized cost

The measurement of the ECL for financial assets at amortized cost is an area that requires significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour.

Significant judgements are required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL. The Group assessed whether the credit risk of the financial assets at amortized cost increased significantly since their initial recognition, and applied a three-stage impairment model approach to calculate the ECL. For financial assets at amortized cost that are classified as stage 1 or stage 2, the Group assessed the ECL using a model that incorporated relevant assumptions, including Probability of Default ("PD") and Loss Given Default ("LGD"). For financial assets at amortized cost classified as stage 3, the Group assessed the ECL using a discounted cashflow model with probability weightings given to different probable scenarios. The assumptions also consider forward-looking estimates by referencing to macro-economic factors.

Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in note 4.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management

This note explains the Group's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Group's future financial performance. Current year profit and loss information has been included where relevant to add further context.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement
Market risk – foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognized financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Hong Kong dollar (HK\$)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis
Market risk – interest rate	Long-term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis
Market risk – security prices	Investments in equity securities	Sensitivity analysis
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables,	Ageing analysis
	financial assets at amortized cost, other receivables and contract assets	Credit ratings
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Projected cash flow analysis

The Group's treasury policy, approved from time to time by the board of directors, is designed to minimize the Group's exposure to financial risks. The Group's risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to mitigate potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Financial risk factors

(i) Market risk

The Group's exposure to market risk consists of foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. There has been no change to the manner in which the Group manages and measures such risks.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the relevant Group entity, primarily with respect to the US dollar. Any change in the exchange rates of US dollar to Hong Kong dollar will impact the Group's operating results.

Certain of the assets and liabilities of the Group are principally denominated in US dollar. The Group currently does not undertake any foreign currency hedging.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Exposure

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk of US dollar at the end of the reporting period, expressed in Hong Kong dollar, was as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Financial assets at amortized cost	169,581	391,756
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,291	16,194
Trade receivables	45,492	55,722
Cash and cash equivalents	203,467	2,954
Bank and other borrowings	_	(1,444,812)
Trade payables	(80,139)	(76,227)
Other payables and accruals	(3,804)	(35,091)
	341,888	(1,089,504)

Sensitivity

As shown in the table above, the Group is primarily exposed to changes in US/HK\$ exchange rates. The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from the United States dollar denominated financial instruments.

	Impact on pre-ta	ax profit	
	2023 2022		
	\$000	\$000	
US/HK\$ exchange rate – increase 1%*	3,419	(10,895)	
US/HK\$ exchange rate – decrease 1%*	(3,419)	10,895	

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from the holding of bank deposits and bank and other borrowings. Bank and other borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by bank deposits held at variable rates. Bank and other borrowings and financial assets at amortized cost issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (continued)

The exposure of the Group's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	2023 \$000	% of total borrowings	2022 \$000	% of total borrowings
Variable rate borrowings Fixed rate borrowings	66,000 -	100% -	66,000 1,444,812	4% 96%
	66,000	100%	1,510,812	100%

An analysis by maturities is provided in note 4(a)(iii). The percentage of total borrowings shows the proportion of borrowings that are currently at variable rates in relation to the total amount of borrowings.

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower net interest income from bank deposits and interest expenses on bank borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

	Impact on pre-tax profit		
	2023 2022		
	\$000	\$000	
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points* Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points*	10,833 (10,833)	20,680 (20,680)	

^{*} Holding all other variables constant

Price risk

The Group's exposure to price risk arises from investment held by the Group and classified in the balance sheet as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income. The financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is stated at fair value based on the net asset value per unit of the respective fund as determined by the manager of the relevant fund. The Group manages its exposure by closely monitoring the price movements and the change in market conditions that may affect the value of the investment.

At 30 June 2023, if the fair value of the financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income had increased or decreased by 10% and all other variables were held constant, the investment revaluation reserve of the Group would increase or decrease by approximately \$729,000 (2022: \$1,619,000) respectively.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of financial assets carried at amortized cost, and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables.

Risk management

The Group manages its credit risk to non-performance of its counterparties by monitoring their credit ratings and setting approved counterparty limits that are regularly reviewed. In accordance with the treasury policy, the Group invests its surplus funds by placing deposits with credit worthy banks and financial institutions or investing in financial assets at amortized cost in accordance with the mandates as approved by the Board of Directors.

The Group is also exposed to credit risk from its operating activities. The credit periods granted by the Group to its customers generally range from 15 days to 45 days from the date of invoice. The Group does not have a significant exposure to any individual debtor.

Impairment

The Group has four types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- trade receivables from the provision of mobile telecommunication services and from the provision of multiple-element arrangements;
- contract assets relating to multiple-element arrangements;
- other receivables and deposits; and
- financial assets at amortized cost.

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables and contract assets. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. Details are set out in note 25.

The overall impact of impairment of the contract assets on the consolidated financial statements is considered by management. Management considered the lifetime expected losses with respect to these contract assets were minimal as at 30 June 2023 and the Group made no write-offs or provision for these contract assets during the year.

Other receivables and deposits are considered to be low credit risk as the counterparties have capacity to meet their contractual cash flow obligation. Therefore, applying the expected credit risk model resulted in an immaterial impact on the provision for doubtful debts for these financial assets.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

Impairment (continued)

Expected credit loss allowance has been provided for financial assets at amortized cost. The measurement of ECL on financial assets at amortized cost reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Group adopts a "three-stage" model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition, to estimate the expected credit losses for financial assets at amortized cost. The key definition of the three stages is summarised below:

Stage 1: For financial instruments with no significant increase in credit risk after initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date, the expected credit losses are recognized at an amount equal to the portions of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events possible within the next 12 months:

Stage 2: For financial instruments with significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, but there is no objective evidence of impairment, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized and interest income is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset;

Stage 3: For financial instruments in default at the end of the reporting period, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized and interest income is calculated on the net carrying amount of the asset, i.e. gross carrying amount less ECL allowance.

Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)

The Group assesses whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition on an ongoing basis. The Group sufficiently considers reasonable and supportable information, including forward-looking information, which reflects the significant increase in credit risk. The major factors considered include regulatory and business environment, external credit rating, repayment ability, operation capacity, repayment behaviours, market price etc.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/2

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

Impairment (continued)

Definition of default (Stage 3)

The Group determines that a financial instrument is credit impaired and in stage 3 by considering relevant objective evidence, primarily whether:

- contractual payments of either principal or interest are past due for more than 90 days;
- there are other indications that the borrower is unlikely to pay, such as when a concession has been granted to the borrower for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial condition; and
- there is a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which was mainly based on past due information unless other information was available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 30 June. For financial assets at amortized cost, the Group also monitored them by using external credit ratings and the amounts presented below are gross carrying amount.

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime E	:CLs	
	Stage 1 \$000	Stage 2 \$000	Stage 3 \$000	Total \$000
At 30 June 2023 Financial assets at amortized cost	104,033	40,351	257,454	401,838
At 30 June 2022 Financial assets at amortized cost	104,267	212,290	106,199	422,756

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

Impairment (continued)

During the year, the following loss allowances were recognized in consolidated profit and loss account in relation to the Group's financial assets measured at amortized costs.

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime E	Cls	
	Stage 1 \$000	Stage 2 \$000	Stage 3 \$000	Total \$000
At 1 July 2022	86	3,412	27,502	31,000
Reclassifications	-	(2,495)	2,495	-
Increase/(decrease) in loss allowance recognised in consolidated profit and				
loss during the year	(86)	(917)	202,260	201,257
At 30 June 2023	_	_	232,257	232,257

For the credit-impaired financial assets at amortized cost (stage 3), the impairment loss was estimated based on management's assessment on the eventual shortfall of cash recoverable using a lifetime expected credit loss model. The impairment assessment used key inputs based on the most recent available financial information of the underlying investment. The assessments on the financial assets at amortized cost under Stage 3 involved probability weighted outcomes and calculation of an expected value as a whole.

After calculating the expected values of financial assets at amortized cost under different scenarios, a weighted ECL was calculated for the financial assets at amortized cost.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

Impairment (continued)

The below table illustrates the assumptions used in estimating the ECL recorded on financial assets at amortized cost under stage 3:

Issuer	Maturity dates	Coupon rate %	Credit rating 30 June 2023	Changes in ECL recorded in profit and loss for the year ended 30 June 2023 \$M	ECL balance as at 30 June 2023 \$M	Scenario	Scenario probability %	Payment terms
Issuer 1	25 August 2022 – 9 June 2024	6.5%-7.5%	Caa2	71.8	99.3	RestructuringStraight saleLiquidation	2.5%-60%	7
Issuer 2	28 March 2024 – 7 November 2024	6.45%-6.55%	Ca	81.7	82.5	RestructuringStraight saleLiquidation	2.5%-60%	5
Issuer 3	1 September 2023	7.88%	WR	48.7	50.5	RestructuringStraight saleLiquidation	2.5%-60%	2–7
				202.2	232.3			
lssuer	Maturity dates	Coupon rate %	Credit rating 30 June 2022	Changes in ECL recorded in profit and loss for the year ended 30 June 2022 \$M	ECL balance as at 30 June 2022 \$M	Scenario	Scenario probability %	Payment terms
Issuer 1	25 August 2022 – 9 June 2024	6.5%-7.5%	Caa2	27.5	27.5	RestructuringStraight saleLiquidation	5%-60%	1–5

For other financial assets at amortized cost under stage 1 and stage 2, the coupon rates are ranging from 4.5% to 6.7% (30 June 2022: 4.5% to 7.9%), with maturity dates ranging from 24 August 2024 to 18 August 2025 and credit rating ranging from Ba1 to B1 (30 June 2022: from Baa2 to B3).

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its obligations when they fall due, resulting from amount and maturity mismatches of assets and liabilities.

The Group employs projected cash flow analysis to manage liquidity risk by forecasting the amount of cash required and monitoring the Group's working capital to ensure that all liabilities due and known funding requirements could be met.

The Group maintains a conservative level of liquid assets to ensure the availability of sufficient cash to meet any unexpected and material cash requirements in the normal course of business.

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for financial liabilities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	1 year or less \$000	1 year to 2 years \$000	2 years to 5 years \$000	Over 5 years \$000	Total contractual cash flows \$000	Carrying amount \$000
At 30 June 2023						
Trade payables	317,302	_	_	_	317,302	317,302
Other payables and accruals Bank and other borrowings	510,279	-	-	-	510,279	510,279
(include interest payable)	4,465	4,382	17,427	60,411	86,685	66,038
Spectrum utilization fee liabilities	224,999	230,493	725,809	2,081,966	3,263,267	2,801,140
Lease liabilities	540,884	199,479	57,834	931	799,128	786,994
Total	1,597,929	434,354	801,070	2,143,308	4,976,661	4,481,753
At 30 June 2022						
Trade payables	239,453	_	_	_	239,453	239,453
Other payables and accruals	588,516	_	_	_	588,516	588,516
Bank and other borrowings						
(include interest payable)	1,503,274	3,980	15,746	61,659	1,584,659	1,523,711
Spectrum utilization fee liabilities	219,636	224,999	708,504	2,329,764	3,482,903	2,952,035
Lease liabilities	583,644	276,256	55,606	1,183	916,689	904,821
Total	3,134,523	505,235	779,856	2,392,606	6,812,220	6,208,536

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to:

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group defines capital as total equity attributable to the Company's shareholders, comprising share capital and reserves. The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital and shareholder returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, projected operating cash flows and projected capital expenditures.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total bank and other borrowings as shown in the consolidated balance sheet less cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and financial assets at amortized cost.

Since the Group is in a net cash position, gearing ratio is not applicable.

(c) Fair value estimation

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured and recognized at fair value at 30 June 2023 and 2022.

	Level 1 \$000	Level 2 \$000	Level 3 \$000	Total \$000
Assets Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 22)				
At 30 June 2023	_	7,291	-	7,291
At 30 June 2022	_	16,194	_	16,194

There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the year.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

See note 22(d) for the valuation techniques used to value financial assets measured at fair value. There were no changes in valuation techniques during the year.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2.

5 Segment reporting

The chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM") has been identified as the Group's senior executive management. The CODM reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The CODM examines the Group's performance from a geographic perspective based on the location in which the sale originated. The CODM measures the performance of its segments based on earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortization and loss on disposal ("EBITDA") and operating profit.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

5 Segment reporting (continued)

An analysis of the Group's segment information by geographical segments is set out as follows:

(a) Segment results

	Hong Kong \$000	For the year end Macau \$000	ed 30 June 2023 Elimination \$000	Consolidated \$000
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	6,507,686 210,970	255,198 3,557	– (214,527)	6,762,884 -
Total revenue	6,718,656	258,755	(214,527)	6,762,884
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	2,213,328 4,505,328	213,243 45,512	(209,861) (4,666)	2,216,710 4,546,174
	6,718,656	258,755	(214,527)	6,762,884
EBITDA Depreciation, amortization and	2,478,296	(16,180)	-	2,462,116
loss on disposal	(1,749,613)	(10,069)	_	(1,759,682)
Operating profit/(loss)	728,683	(26,249)	_	702,434
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost Finance income Finance costs				(201,257) 84,899 (132,693)
Profit before income tax				453,383
Other information Additions to fixed assets Depreciation of fixed assets Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortization of intangible assets Amortization of customer	727,624 528,421 654,614 473,333	1,304 3,799 5,889 –	- - - -	728,928 532,220 660,503 473,333
acquisition costs Loss on disposal of fixed assets	87,014 6,231	319 62	-	87,333 6,293
Impairment loss of trade receivables Impairment loss/(reversal of	2,670	284	-	2,954
impairment loss) of inventories	457	(81)	_	376

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

5 Segment reporting (continued)

(a) Segment results (continued)

	Hong Kong \$000	For the year ended Macau \$000	30 June 2022 Elimination \$000	Consolidated \$000
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	6,453,157 438,718	504,128 5,590	- (444,308)	6,957,285 –
Total revenue	6,891,875	509,718	(444,308)	6,957,285
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	2,453,371 4,438,504	452,175 57,543	(436,858) (7,450)	2,468,688 4,488,597
	6,891,875	509,718	(444,308)	6,957,285
EBITDA Depreciation, amortization and	2,570,822	4,507	-	2,575,329
loss on disposal	(1,823,970)	(7,737)	_	(1,831,707)
Operating profit/(loss)	746,852	(3,230)	_	743,622
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost Finance income Finance costs			_	(31,000) 32,635 (145,440)
Profit before income tax			_	599,817
Other information Additions to fixed assets Additions to intangible assets Depreciation of fixed assets Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortization of intangible assets	704,897 2,217,034 636,090 665,087 431,828	3,546 - 3,255 3,827 -	- - - -	708,443 2,217,034 639,345 668,914 431,828
Amortization of customer acquisition costs Loss on disposal of fixed assets Impairment loss of trade	79,733 11,232	640 15	- -	80,373 11,247
receivables (Reversal of)/impairment loss of inventories	608 (5,112)	676 9	_	1,284 (5,103)
inventories	(3,112)	<i>3</i>	_	(5,105)

Sales between segments are carried out in accordance with terms mutually agreed by the relevant parties and are eliminated on consolidation.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

5 Segment reporting (continued)

(b) Segment assets/(liabilities)

	Hong Kong \$000	At 30 Jun Macau \$000	e 2023 Unallocated \$000	Consolidated \$000
Segment assets	10,255,416	100,656	542,871	10,898,943
Segment liabilities	(4,955,384)	(104,795)	(754,277)	(5,814,456)
		At 30 Jun	e 2022	
	Hong Kong \$000	Macau \$000	Unallocated \$000	Consolidated \$000
Segment assets	11,710,180	107,735	763,217	12,581,132
Segment liabilities	(6,645,946)	(107,277)	(674,125)	(7,427,348)

The total of non-current assets other than interest in an associate, financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at amortized cost and deferred income tax assets located in Hong Kong is \$8,258,391,000 (2022: \$8,739,930,000), and the total of these non-current assets located in Macau is \$76,457,000 (2022: \$79,159,000).

Unallocated assets consist of tax reserve certificates, interest in an associate, financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at amortized cost and deferred income tax assets.

Unallocated liabilities consist of current income tax liabilities and deferred income tax liabilities.

6 Staff costs

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Wages and salaries	651,130	584,475
Bonuses	37,610	29,000
Contributions to defined contribution plans	40,051	36,258
Share-based payments	2,094	2,284
	730,885	652,017

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

7 Finance income

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Interest income from financial assets at amortized cost	19,335	22,720
Interest income from bank deposits	65,564	9,737
Accretion income	_	178
	84,899	32,635

Accretion income represents changes in the rental deposits due to passage of time calculated by applying an effective interest rate method of allocation to the amount of rental deposits at the beginning of the year.

8 Finance costs

	Notes	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Interest expense on bank and other borrowings		45,858	62,220
Accretion expenses Spectrum utilization fee liabilities	33	68,741	57,809
Lease liabilities	31	15,743	13,934
Asset retirement obligations	34	803	502
Net exchange loss on financing activities	13	1,548	10,975
		422.602	1.45.440
		132,693	145,440

Accretion expenses represent changes in the spectrum utilization fee liabilities, lease liabilities and asset retirement obligations due to passage of time calculated by applying an effective interest rate method of allocation to the amount of the liabilities at the beginning of the year.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

9 Profit before income tax

Profit before income tax is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

		2023	2022
	Notes	\$000	\$000
Other operating expenses, net			
Network costs		533,434	532,371
 Short-term and low-value leases 		28,748	38,761
 Impairment loss of trade receivables 	25	2,954	1,284
 Auditor's remuneration 			
 Audit services 		2,559	2,553
 Non-audit services 		815	864
Net exchange (gain)/loss	13	(664)	1,844
– Others		410,383	379,785
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		6,293	11,247
Depreciation of fixed assets	16	532,220	639,345
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	19	660,503	668,914
Amortization of spectrum utilization fee	24	473,333	431,828
Amortization of customer acquisition costs	17	87,333	80,373
Impairment loss/(reversal of impairment loss) of inventories	27	376	(5,103)
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost (Note)		201,257	31,000

Note: Expected credit loss was recognized to reflect the change in credit risk for the financial assets at amortized cost, details of which are set out in "Credit risk" section in note 4(a)(ii) of the consolidated financial statements.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

10 Income tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the Group's income tax expense and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items.

(a) Income tax expense

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Current income tax		
Hong Kong profits tax	161,764	173,208
Non-Hong Kong tax	1,619	2,292
Over-provision in prior years		
Hong Kong profits tax	(6,139)	(1,403)
Non-Hong Kong tax	-	(337)
Total current income tax expense	157,244	173,760
Deferred income tax expense	27,293	3,131
Income tax expense	184,537	176,891

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Profit before income tax	453,383	599,817
Tax at the Hong Kong tax rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:	74,808	98,970
Anti-epidemic fund	(144)	(290)
Interest income	(12,321)	(3,617)
Net exchange loss	254	1,786
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortized cost	33,208	5,115
Temporary differences/non-deductible expenses	89,791	81,478
Difference in non-Hong Kong tax rates	1,682	1,039
Over-provision in prior years	(6,139)	(1,740)
Tax loss not recognized	3,398	899
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	_	(4,128)
Utilization of previously unrecognized tax losses	_	(2,621)
Income tax expense	184,537	176,891

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

11 Five highest paid individuals

Of the five highest paid individuals, two (2022: two) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 41. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2022: three) individuals are as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	8,572	7,419
Bonuses	650	1,507
Retirement scheme contributions	384	554
Share-based payments	9	124
	9,615	9,604

The emoluments of the three (2022: three) highest paid individuals are within the following bands:

	2023 Number of Individuals	2022 Number of Individuals
\$2,500,001 – \$3,000,000	1	1
\$3,000,001 - \$3,500,000	2	1
\$3,500,001 - \$4,000,000	-	1
	3	3

12 Employee retirement benefits

The Group participates in two defined contribution retirement schemes, an Occupational Retirement Scheme ("ORSO") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF"), for employees (together the "Schemes"). The assets of the Schemes are held separately from those of the Group in funds administered independently of the Group's management.

Contributions to the ORSO scheme by the Group and the employees are calculated as specified percentages of each employee's basic salary. Where employees leave the scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer's contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions is used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group. As at 30 June 2023, all available forfeited contributions had been utilized by the Group to reduce its contributions payable (2022: same).

The MPF scheme was established under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance in December 2000 and the Group's employees may elect to join the MPF scheme. Both the Group and the employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$30,000 (2022: same). Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

13 Net exchange loss

The exchange differences charged to the consolidated profit and loss account are included as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Other operating expenses, net (note 9) Finance costs (note 8)	(664) 1,548	1,844 10,975
	884	12,819

14 Earnings per share

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to Company's shareholders
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year and excluding shares held for share award scheme (note 36).

	2023 Cents	2022 Cents
Basic earnings per share attributable to Company's shareholders	24.3	38.2

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

• the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

	2023 Cents	2022 Cents
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Company's shareholders	24.3	38.2

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

2023

Number

354,068

2022

Number

331,975

14 Earnings per share (continued)

(c) Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per share

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Profit attributable to Company's shareholders used in calculating basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share	268,846	423,170

(d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator

		Namber
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominato in calculating basic earnings per share (less shares held for share award scheme)	1,105,815,931	1,108,810,921
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:	1,105,615,951	1,100,010,921
Effect of awarded shares	106,610	126,555
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary		
shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per		
	1,105,922,541	1,108,937,476
shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per	1,105,922,541 2023 \$000	1,108,937,476 2022 \$000
shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	2023	2022

At a meeting held on 1 September 2023, the directors proposed a final dividend of 17.5 cents per fully paid share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained profits for the year ending 30 June 2024.

The proposed final dividend is calculated based on the number of shares in issue at the date of approval of these financial statements.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

16 Fixed assets

Accumulated depreciation and							
At 30 June 2023 Cost	253,433	156,289	9,236,096	1,268,603	272,005	154,075	11,340,501
Closing net book amount	16,683	107,793	2,293,397	232,621	125,098	149,705	2,925,297
Disposals Depreciation (note 9)	(5,182)	(4,840)	(4,447) (419,765)	(17) (59,486)	(1,859) (42,947)	(542)	(6,865) (532,220)
Reclassifications	(1,589)	-	553,310	14,937	(17,459)	(549,199)	-
Exchange differences Additions	(161) 12,612	(253) –	- 956	(282) 107,817	(62) 92,860	- 514.683	(758) 728,928
Year ended 30 June 2023 Opening net book amount	11,003	112,886	2,163,343	169,652	94,565	184,763	2,736,212
Net book amount	11,003	112,886	2,163,343	169,652	94,565	184,763	2,736,212
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(240,880)	(43,953)	(6,740,982)	(1,001,995)	(107,191)	(4,370)	(8,139,371)
At 30 June 2022 Cost	251,883	156,839	8,904,325	1,171,647	201,756	189,133	10,875,583
Closing net book amount	11,003	112,886	2,163,343	169,652	94,565	184,763	2,736,212
Depreciation (note 9)	(6,726)	(4,358)	(534,752)	(73,185)	(20,324)	-	(639,345)
Reclassifications Disposals	-	_	539,099 (8,922)	- (1,478)	(1,129)	(539,099) (1,033)	(12,562)
Additions	(53) 3,883	(88)	2,306	66,221	(5) 75,625	560,408	(186) 708,443
Year ended 30 June 2022 Opening net book amount Exchange differences	13,899	117,332	2,165,612	178,134 (40)	40,398	164,487 –	2,679,862
Net book amount	13,899	117,332	2,165,612	178,134	40,398	164,487	2,679,862
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(244,114)	(39,687)	(6,316,728)	(974,562)	(94,364)	(6,838)	(7,676,293)
At 1 July 2021 Cost	258,013	157,019	8,482,340	1,152,696	134,762	171,325	10,356,155
	Leasehold improvements \$000	Buildings \$000	Network and testing equipment \$000	billing and office telephone equipment \$000	Other fixed assets \$000	Network under construction \$000	Total \$000

At 30 June 2023, buildings with a carrying amount of \$65,429,000 (2022: \$67,867,000) were pledged as security for bank borrowings of the Group (note 32).

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

17 Customer acquisition costs

	\$000
At 1 July 2021	
Cost	169,802
Accumulated amortization	(92,928)
Net book amount	76,874
Year ended 30 June 2022	
Opening net book amount	76,874
Additions	91,107
Amortization (note 9)	(80,373)
Closing net book amount	87,608
At 30 June 2022	
Cost	179,157
Accumulated amortization	(91,549)
Net book amount	87,608
Year ended 30 June 2023	
Opening net book amount	87,608
Additions	101,427
Amortization (note 9)	(87,333)
Closing net book amount	101,702
At 30 June 2023	
Cost	280,584
Accumulated amortization	(178,882)
Net book amount	101,702

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

18 Contract assets

	2023				2022	
	Current \$000	Non-current \$000	Total \$000	Current \$000	Non-current \$000	Total \$000
Contract assets	93,287	32,241	125,528	88,312	42,747	131,059

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to contract assets, as the Group has a large number of customers.

19 Right-of-use assets

The Group leases various transmission sites, offices, warehouses, retail stores and leased lines. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of one to fifteen years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	2023	2022
	\$000	\$000
Leasehold land and land use rights	7,177	8,413
Transmission sites	615,042	752,312
Offices, warehouses and retail stores	132,001	144,158
Leased lines	10,653	12,752
	764,873	917,635

Additions to the right-of-use assets with the corresponding increase in lease liabilities and assets retirement obligations during the year ended 30 June 2023 were \$521,210,000 (2022: \$667,143,000) and \$2,821,000 (2022: \$15,036,000) respectively.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account is as follows:

	660,503	668,914
Leased lines	2,099	2,298
Offices, warehouses and retail stores	104,412	104,896
Transmission sites	553,363	561,044
Leasehold land and land use rights	629	676
	\$000	\$000
	2023	2022

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

20 Subsidiaries

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 30 June 2023 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Group equity 2023	interest 2022
SmarTone (BVI) Limited*	The British Virgin Islands ("BVI")	Investment holding in BVI	1,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each US\$1,000	100%	100%
SmarTone Mobile Communications Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of mobile services and sales of handsets and accessories in Hong Kong	100,000,000 ordinary shares \$100,000,000	100%	100%
SmarTone Communications Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of wireless fixed services in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares \$2	100%	100%
SmarTone Finance Limited	BVI	Issuance of guaranteed notes in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each US\$1	100%	100%
Birdie Mobile Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of local and international telecommunications services and mobile services and sales of accessories in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares \$2	100%	100%
SmarTone- Comunicações Móveis, S.A.	Macau	Provision of mobile services and sales of handsets and accessories in Macau	100,000 shares of MOP100 each MOP10,000,000	100%	72%
廣州數碼通客戶服務 有限公司#	The People's Republic of China	Provision of customer support services and telemarketing services in Mainland China	Registered capital of \$27,400,000	100%	100%

All of the above subsidiaries are limited liability companies.

Subsidiary held directly by the Company. Registered as wholly foreign owned enterprises under PRC law.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

21 Interest in an associate

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Share of net assets	3	3

During the year ended 30 June 2023, there is no movement of share of net assets of interest in an associate (2022: same).

Particulars of the associate at 30 June 2023 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued shares held	Interes	t held
				2023	2022
New Top Finance Limited	BVI	Investment holding in BVI	375 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	37.5%	37.5%

The Group has not disclosed the assets, liabilities, and retained profits of the associate as the amounts are immaterial to the Group.

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associate.

22 Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

(a) Classification of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise:

• Equity investments which are not held for trading, and which the Group has irrevocably elected at initial recognition to recognize in this category. These are strategic investments and the Group considers this classification to be more relevant.

(b) Equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income

Non-current asset Unlisted security 7.291 16.1		2023 \$000	2022 \$000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Non-current asset Unlisted security	7,291	16,194

On disposal of this equity investment, any related balance within the fair value through other comprehensive income reserve will be reclassified to retained earnings.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

22 Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

(c) Amounts recognized in other comprehensive income

During the year, the following loss was recognized in other comprehensive income.

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Loss recognized in other comprehensive income	(8,903)	(561)

(d) Fair value and risk exposure

The Group holds investment in a fund that primarily invests in traded shares, and is denominated in US dollars.

The financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is stated at fair value based on the net asset value per unit of the respective fund as determined by the manager of the relevant fund.

Information about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair value is provided in note 4(c).

For an analysis of the sensitivity of the asset to price risk refer to note 4(a)(i).

23 Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost include the following:

	Current \$000	2023 Non-current \$000	Total \$000	Current \$000	2022 Non-current \$000	Total \$000
Listed investments Less: expected credit	223,504	178,334	401,838	65,053	357,703	422,756
loss allowance	(201,755)	(30,502)	(232,257)	(10,270)	(20,730)	(31,000)
	21,749	147,832	169,581	54,783	336,973	391,756

The fair values of the financial assets at amortized cost are based on quoted market prices.

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Fair values of financial assets at amortized cost	145,922	222,036

The financial assets at amortized cost are denominated in US dollars and the investments will be held to maturity.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

24 Intangible assets

	Spectrum utilization fee \$000
At 1 July 2021	
Cost	4,956,837
Accumulated amortization	(1,837,301)
Net book amount	3,119,536
Year ended 30 June 2022	
Opening net book amount	3,119,536
Additions	2,217,034
Amortization (note 9)	(431,828)
Closing net book amount	4,904,742
At 30 June 2022	
Cost	6,986,541
Accumulated amortization	(2,081,799)
Net book amount	4,904,742
Year ended 30 June 2023	
Opening net book amount	4,904,742
Amortization (note 9)	(473,333)
Closing net book amount	4,431,409
At 30 June 2023	
Cost	6,986,541
Accumulated amortization	(2,555,132)
Net book amount	4,431,409

The Group extended the spectrum utilization period of the 1800 MHz band to 29 September 2036 during the year ended 30 June 2023.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

25 Trade and other receivables

		2023			2022	
	Current No	on-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Trade receivables	357,629	_	357,629	350,627	_	350,627
Less: loss allowance	(6,290)	_	(6,290)	(6,818)	_	(6,818)
	351,339	_	351,339	343,809	_	343,809
Other receivables	62,565	_	62,565	82,402	_	82,402
	413,904	_	413,904	426,211	_	426,211
Deposits	93,569	61,065	154,634	78,949	60,914	139,863
Prepayments	158,979	18,261	177,240	164,802	69,231	234,033
Total trade and other						
receivables	666,452	79,326	745,778	669,962	130,145	800,107

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amounts of deposits, trade and other receivables. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The credit periods granted by the Group to its customers generally range from 15 days to 45 days from the date of invoice (2022: same). An ageing analysis of trade receivables, net of provision, based on invoice date is as follows:

	351,339	343,809
Over 90 days	47,308	47,666
61 – 90 days	7,005	6,902
31 – 60 days	16,490	19,284
Current to 30 days	280,536	269,957
	2023 \$000	2022 \$000

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets. This resulted in a loss of \$2,954,000 (2022: \$1,284,000) for the impairment of its trade receivables during the year ended 30 June 2023.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

25 Trade and other receivables (continued)

The movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
At beginning of the year Impairment loss recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account	6,818	8,459
(note 9)	2,954	1,284
Amounts written off during the year	(3,482)	(2,925)
At end of the year	6,290	6,818

At 30 June 2023, trade receivables of \$6,290,000 (2022: \$6,818,000) were impaired and fully provided. The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to independent customers that were in financial difficulties. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$000	\$000
Past due 31 – 60 days	498	432
Past due 61 – 90 days	501	899
Past due over 90 days	5,291	5,487
	6,290	6,818

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

26 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax for the Group's temporary differences arising from operations in Hong Kong and non-Hong Kong is calculated at 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) and the appropriate current tax rates ruling in the relevant countries respectively.

The movement in deferred income tax (assets)/liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

(a) Deferred income tax assets

At 30 June 2023	-	74	6,373	6,447
profit and loss account	_	(8)	(1,013)	(1,021)
At 1 July 2022 Recognized in the consolidated	-	82	7,386	7,468
At 30 June 2022	-	82	7,386	7,468
Recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account	(895)	(2,245)	4,128	988
At 1 July 2021	895	2,327	3,258	6,480
	Mobile license fee assets \$000	Decelerated depreciation allowance \$000	Tax losses \$000	Total \$000

(b) Deferred income tax liabilities

At 30 June 2023	143,079
At 1 July 2022 Recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account	116,807 26,272
At 30 June 2022	116,807
At 1 July 2021 Recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account	112,688 4,119
	Accelerated depreciation allowance \$000

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

26 Deferred income tax (continued)

(c) Tax losses

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized	163,267	146,249
Potential tax benefit	20,386	18,326

The unused tax losses were incurred by subsidiaries that are not expected to generate sufficient profits in the foreseeable future. For subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong, the losses can be carried forward indefinitely and have no expiry date. For the subsidiary operating in Macau, the losses are subject to an expiry period of three years from the year in which the tax loss arises.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realization of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has not recognized deferred income tax assets of \$20,386,000 (2022: \$18,326,000) in respect of tax losses of \$163,267,000 (2022: \$146,249,000). Under the current tax legislation, unrecognized tax losses of \$145,612,000 (2022: \$128,991,000) related to the subsidiary operating in Macau are subject to an expiry period of three years from the year in which the tax loss arises. The remaining tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

27 Inventories

	\$000	\$000
Handsets and accessories, at cost	87,155	82,648
Others, at cost	23,701	22,036
Less: provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventories	(4,523)	(4,648)
	106,333	100,036

The Group recognized impairment loss of \$376,000 (2022: reversal of impairment loss of \$5,103,000) for slow-moving and obsolete inventories during the year ended 30 June 2023. The amount has been included in "cost of inventories sold" in the consolidated profit and loss account.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

28 Short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less	50,833 1,104,319	44,024 341,443
Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated cash flow statement Short-term bank deposits with original maturities more than 3 months	1,155,152 –	385,467 1,755,049
	1,155,152	2,140,516
Maximum exposure to credit risk	1,153,468	2,138,767

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to bank balances, as the Group has placed deposits with a number of banks.

Short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Hong Kong dollars	945,364	2,132,028
US dollars	203,467	2,954
Renminbi	4,251	3,046
Others	2,070	2,488
	1,155,152	2,140,516

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

29 Trade and other payables

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Trade payables (a) Other payables and accruals (b)	317,302 660,926	239,453 723,543
	978,228	962,996
(a) An ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:	DWS:	
	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Current to 30 days 31 – 60 days 61 – 90 days Over 90 days	193,061 59,838 26,589 37,814	141,516 42,727 12,250 42,960
	317,302	239,453

The carrying amount of the Group's trade payables are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars which accounted for 73% (2022: 68%).

(b) An analysis of other payables and accruals is as follows:

2023	2022
\$000	\$000
343,115	423,543
179,048	189,481
111,422	85,917
27,341	24,602
660,926	723,543
	\$000 343,115 179,048 111,422 27,341

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/3

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

30 Contract liabilities

		2023			2022	
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Contract liabilities						
– Mobile						
telecommunications						
service contracts	357,568	6,940	364,508	332,394	14,455	346,849

Revenue in relation to mobile telecommunications service contracts, which was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year amounting to \$332 million, was recognized during the year ended 30 June 2023 (2022: \$304 million).

(i) Unsatisfied long-term fixed price contracts

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to long-term contracts that are partially or fully satisfied	4,014,621	2,593,505

Management expects that 65% (2022: 68%) of the transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied contracts as of 30 June 2023 will be recognized as revenue during the next reporting period. The remaining 35% (2022: 32%) will be recognized as revenue after the year ending 30 June 2024.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

31 Lease liabilities

	Current No.	2023 on-current \$000	Total \$000	Current \$000	2022 Non-current \$000	Total \$000
Lease liabilities	532,088	254,906	786,994	576,299	328,522	904,821
Movement of lease liabili	ties is as follows	:			'	
					2023 \$000	2022 \$000
At beginning of the year Additions Payments for lease liabilit					904,821 521,210 (654,588)	897,766 667,143 (673,946)
Accretion expenses include (note 8) Exchange differences	ded in the conso	lidated profit a	ind loss accou	nt	15,743 (192)	13,934 (76)
At end of the year					786,994	904,821
Bank and other	er borrov	vings				
	Current N	2023	Total	Current	2022 Non-current	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Secured bank borrowings Unsecured bank	2,200	63,800	66,000	-	66,000	66,000
borrowings Guaranteed notes (a)	-	-	-	19,128 1,425,684	- -	19,128 1,425,684

⁽a) On 8 April 2013, SmarTone Finance Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued US\$200 million, 3.875% guaranteed notes due April 2023, which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The notes were repaid during the year.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

32 Bank and other borrowings (continued)

The maturity of non-current bank and other borrowings are as follows:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Between 1 and 2 years	2,200	2,200
Between 2 and 5 years	10,837	10,885
Over 5 years	50,763	52,915
	63,800	66,000

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings included under current liabilities approximate their fair values, as the impact of discounting is not significant. The fair values of the bank borrowings included under non-current liabilities as estimated by discounting their future cash flows at the prevailing market borrowing rates at the year end date for similar borrowings and the fair values of guaranteed notes as calculated using the market price are as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 30 June 2023 Secured bank borrowings	-	63,800	_	63,800
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 30 June 2022 Secured bank borrowings	-	66,000	_	66,000

At 30 June 2023, 100% (2022: 4%) of the Group's bank and other borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

At 30 June 2023, secured bank borrowings are secured by certain buildings of the Group (note 16) (2022: same).

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

33 Spectrum utilization fee liabilities

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
At beginning of the year Additions	2,952,035 _	929,874 2,217,034
Accretion expenses included in consolidated profit and loss account (note 8) Payment	68,741 (219,636)	57,809 (252,682)
At end of the year Less: spectrum utilization fee liabilities included under current liabilities	2,801,140 (222,922)	2,952,035 (217,609)
Non-current portion	2,578,218	2,734,426
Analysis of the present value of spectrum utilization fee liabilities:		
	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Minimum annual fees payable		
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years	224,999 956,302	219,636 933,503
Over 5 years	2,081,966	2,329,764
Less: future finance charges	3,263,267 (462,127)	3,482,903 (530,868)
Present value of spectrum utilization fee liabilities	2,801,140	2,952,035
Comprising:		
Within 1 year	222,922	217,609
After 1 year but within 5 years	891,689 1,686,529	870,436 1,863,990
Over 5 years	1,080,329	1,003,990
	2,801,140	2,952,035

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

34 Asset retirement obligations

	2023	2022
	\$000	\$000
At beginning of the year	75,710	67,374
Additions	2,821	15,036
Accretion expenses included in consolidated profit and loss account (note 8)	803	502
Utilizations	(509)	(7,202)
Unused amount reversed	(15,516)	_
At end of the year	63,309	75,710

The provision for assets retirement obligations represents the present value of the estimated future costs of dismantling and removing property, plant and equipment when they are no longer used and restoring the sites and stores on which they are located.

The Group has been investing in the transmission and distribution network to supply mobile services to customers in Hong Kong and Macau. As the Group expects that transmission sites being used for the transmission and distribution network will continue to be used to supply mobile services to its customers, the Group currently considers it remote that the transmission and distribution network in railways and various tunnels would be removed from existing transmission sites. Therefore in accordance with applicable accounting standards, asset retirement obligations for these assets have not been recognized by the Group.

35 Share capital

At 30 June 2023	1,106,464,601	110,646
Issue of new shares upon exercise of share options	1,200,000	120
At 30 June 2022 and 1 July 2022 Repurchase of shares	1,105,792,101 (527,500)	110,579 (53)
Repurchase of shares	(5,196,500)	(520)
Issued and fully paid At 1 July 2021	1,110,988,601	111,099
Authorized At 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023	2,000,000,000	200,000
	Shares of \$0.1 each	\$000

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

35 Share capital (continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company repurchased and cancelled 359,500 shares on the SEHK. The total amount paid to acquire these cancelled shares of \$1,463,000 was deducted from equity attributable to shareholders.

	Number of shares repurchased	Price per s	hare	Aggregate
Month of repurchase	and cancelled	Highest	Lowest	price paid
				\$000
September 2022	151,000	\$4.12	\$4.12	622
October 2022	147,500	\$4.13	\$4.08	605
November 2022	61,000	\$3.87	\$3.84	236
	359,500			1,463

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Company repurchased and cancelled 5,196,500 shares on the SEHK. The Company repurchased 168,000 shares in June 2022 to be cancelled after 30 June 2022. The total amount paid to acquire the 5,196,500 cancelled shares and the 168,000 repurchased shares of \$22,360,000 was deducted from equity attributable to shareholders.

	Number of shares			
	repurchased	Price per sh	are	Aggregate
Month of repurchase	and cancelled	Highest	Lowest	price paid \$000
November 2021	1,386,500	\$4.32	\$4.15	5,877
December 2021	862,500	\$4.15	\$4.10	3,558
February 2022	75,500	\$4.40	\$4.38	331
March 2022	2,008,500	\$4.40	\$3.99	8,419
May 2022	863,500	\$4.06	\$4.04	3,495
June 2022	168,000	\$4.05	\$4.03	680
	5,364,500			22,360

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

36 Share award scheme and share option scheme

(a) Share award scheme

Pursuant to the terms of the share award scheme adopted by the Company on 29 June 2018, the Company may grant shares to the participants, including directors and employees of the Group. The details of the terms of the share award scheme are disclosed under the section "Share award scheme" in the Report of the Directors. Below is a summary of the share award issued.

(i) Movements in share award

Balance at 30 June 2023	4,760	25
Shares utilized under share award scheme	(388,085)	(1,944
Acquisition of shares by the Trust	341,993	1,743
Balance at 30 June 2022 and 1 July 2022	50,852	226
Shares utilized under share award scheme	(789,570)	(3,435
Acquisition of shares by the Trust	820,000	3,563
Opening balance at 1 July 2021	20,422	98
	shares	\$000
	Number of	
Shares held for share award scheme		
Outstanding at 30 June	_	417,805
Lapsed	(29,720)	(202,305
Outstanding at 1 July Vested	417,805 (388,085)	1,409,680 (789,570
Number of awarded shares		
	2023	2022
Movements in share award		

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

36 Share award scheme and share option scheme (continued)

(b) Share option scheme

Pursuant to the terms of the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 2 November 2021, the Company may grant options to the participants, including directors and employees of the Group, to subscribe for shares of the Company. The details of the terms of the share option scheme are disclosed under the section "Share option scheme" in the Report of the Directors. Below is a summary of the share options issued.

Movements in share options

	Average exercise price per share	Number of share options
At 30 June 2022 and 1 July 2022	-	_
Granted	\$4.47	8,000,000
Exercised	\$3.98	(1,200,000)
Lapsed	\$3.98	(2,800,000)
At 30 June 2023	\$4.96	4,000,000

At 30 June 2022, no share options were exercisable.

At 30 June 2023, 4,000,000 share options were exercisable with average exercise price of \$4.96 per share.

37 A reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

At 30 June 2023	66,000	_	786,994	852,994
Exchange differences			(192)	(192)
Finance costs	100	1,527	-	1,627
Payment for lease liabilities	_	_	(638,845)	(638,845)
Additions of lease liabilities	-	-	521,210	521,210
Repayment of bank borrowings	(19,228)	-	-	(19,228)
Redemption of notes payable	_	(1,427,211)	_	(1,427,211)
At 30 June 2022 and 1 July 2022	85,128	1,425,684	904,821	2,415,633
Exchange differences		_	(76)	(76)
Finance costs	1,361	17,916	_	19,277
Payment for lease liabilities	_	_	(660,012)	(660,012)
Additions of lease liabilities	_	_	667,143	667,143
Repayment of bank borrowings	(96,425)	_	_	(96,425)
At 1 July 2021	180,192	1,407,768	897,766	2,485,726
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
	borrowings	notes	liabilities	Total
	Bank	Guaranteed	Lease	

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

38 Commitments and contingent liabilities

(a) Capital commitments

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Fixed assets Contracted for	80,289	78,668
(b) Contingent liabilities		
	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Performance guarantees Financial guarantees	622,500 3,883	751,383 10,387
	626,383	761,770

39 Related party transactions

The Group is controlled by Cellular 8 Holdings Limited, which owns 68.98% of the Company's shares as at 30 June 2023. The remaining 31.02% of the shares are widely held, of which 3.90% is held by another subsidiary of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited ("SHKP"). The ultimate holding company of the Group is SHKP, a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

(a) During the year, the Group had significant transactions with certain fellow subsidiaries and associates of SHKP in the ordinary course of business as set out below. All related party transactions are carried out in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements governing the transactions.

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Rentals for land and buildings and transmission sites (i) Depreciation and accretion expenses for land and buildings and	22,987	22,956
transmission sites (i)	99,829	96,303
Insurance expense (ii)	3,917	3,294
Mobile coverage services (iii)	12,118	7,522
Enterprise solutions (iv)	83,427	57,176

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

39 Related party transactions (continued)

(a) (continued)

(i) Leases of land and buildings and transmission sites

Certain subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP have leased premises to the Group for use as offices, retail stores and warehouses and have granted licenses to the Group for the installation of base stations, antennae and telephone cables on certain premises owned by them.

For the year ended 30 June 2023, rental and license fees paid and payable to subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP totalled \$22,987,000 (2022: \$22,956,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2023, depreciation and accretion expenses of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities totalled \$99,829,000 (2022: \$96,303,000).

(ii) Insurance services

Sun Hung Kai Properties Insurance Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of SHKP, provides general insurance services to the Group. For the year ended 30 June 2023, insurance premiums paid and payable were \$3,917,000 (2022: \$3,294,000).

(iii) Mobile coverage services

The Group provides technical services for the properties owned or managed by certain subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP for enhancement of mobile coverage in the properties. For the year ended 30 June 2023, the revenue received or receivable by the Group were \$12,118,000 (2022: \$7,522,000).

(iv) Enterprise solutions

The Group provides information and communication technology ("ICT") solutions to certain subsidiaries and associated companies of SHKP covering, among others, business digitalization, connectivity and industry-specific solutions. For the year ended 30 June 2023, the revenue received or receivable were \$83,427,000 (2022 \$57,176,000).

- (b) At 30 June 2023, the Group had an interest in an associate, the major shareholder of which is a subsidiary of SHKP.
- (C) The balances set out below with SHKP and its subsidiaries and associated companies (the "SHKP Group") (including buildings and estates managed by the SHKP Group) are included within the relevant balance sheet items:

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Trade receivables (note 25)	47,938	41,469
Other receivables (note 25)	474	476
Deposits and prepayments (note 25)	22,724	21,892
Trade payables (note 29)	1,929	1,390
Other payables and accruals (note 29)	6,825	5,905

The balances are unsecured, interest-free, repayable on similar terms to those offered to unrelated parties.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022/3

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company

	2023 \$000	2022 \$000
Non-comment contains		4.2.2
Non-current asset Investments in subsidiaries	8,403,816	8,406,600
The Strict is in Substitution	0,405,010	0,400,000
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	312	305
Prepayments	272	353
Amounts due from subsidiaries	29,818	31,245
Tax recoverable	135	_
Total current assets	30,537	31,903
Current liabilities		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	5,552,261	5,561,067
Other payables and accruals	2,477	3,093
Current income tax liabilities	_	195
Total current liabilities	5,554,738	5,564,355
Net assets	2,879,615	2,874,148
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	110,646	110,579
Reserves (Note (a))	2,768,969	2,763,569
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,879,615	2,874,148

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 1 September 2023 and was signed on its behalf.

Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond

Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona *Director*

Director D

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

40 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company (continued)

Note (a): Reserve movement of the Company

			Con	npany		
		Capital		Employee share-based		
	Share	redemption	Contributed	compensation	Retained	
	premium	reserve	surplus	reserve	profits	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 1 July 2021	1,627,190	16,946	740,243	6,042	728,564	3,118,985
Comprehensive income						
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	556	556
Transactions with owners						
Share-based payments	_	_	_	2,284	_	2,284
Lapse of share award	_	_	_	(976)	976	_
Vesting of share award	_	_	3,435	(5,646)	2,211	_
Repurchase of shares (note 35)	_	520	_	_	(22,360)	(21,840)
Purchase of shares for share award						
scheme	_	_	(3,563)	_	_	(3,563)
Payment of 2021 final dividend	_	_	_	_	(172,203)	(172,203)
Payment of 2022 interim dividend	_	_	_	_	(160,650)	(160,650)
At 30 June 2022 and 1 July 2022	1,627,190	17,466	740,115	1,704	377,094	2,763,569
Comprehensive income						
Profit for the year	-	_	-	_	333,569	333,569
Transactions with owners						
Issue of shares	6,018	_	-	(1,366)	-	4,652
Share-based payments	_	_	-	2,094	-	2,094
Lapse of share award	_	_	-	(141)	141	_
Vesting of share award	-	-	1,944	(2,044)	100	-
Repurchase of shares (note 35)	-	53	-	-	(1,463)	(1,410)
Purchase of shares for share award						
scheme	-	-	(1,743)	_	_	(1,743)
Payment of 2022 final dividend	-	-	-	-	(171,325)	(171,325)
Payment of 2023 interim dividend					(160,437)	(160,437)
At 30 June 2023	1,633,208	17,519	740,316	247	377,679	2,768,969

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

41 Benefits and interests of directors

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

Details of directors' emoluments, on a named basis for the year are as follows:

	2023						2022		
					Estimated				
		Salaries		Retirement	money value				
		and		scheme	of other	Retirement	Share-based		
	Fees	allowances	Bonuses	contributions	benefits	benefits	payments	Total	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Executive Directors									
Mr. Fung Yuk-lun, Allen	162	-	-	-	-	-	-	162	162
Ms. Lau Yeuk-hung, Fiona ⁽¹⁾	54	2,070	-	104	-	-	248	2,476	_
Mr. Tam Lok-man, Norman ⁽²⁾	96	6,897	2,500	167	55	-	1,366	11,081	3,360
Mr. Chau Kam-kun, Stephen	144	6,266	1,800	626	131	-	-	8,967	8,499
Non-Executive Directors									
Mr. Kwok Ping-luen, Raymond	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	180	180
Mr. Cheung Wing-yui	162	-	-	-	-	-	-	162	162
Mr. David Norman Prince	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	144
Mr. Siu Hon-wah, Thomas	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	144
Mr. John Anthony Miller	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	144
Dr. Li Ka-cheung, Eric, JP*	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	288
Mr. Ng Leung-sing, JP*	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	288
Mr. Gan Fock-kin, Eric*	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	288	288
Mrs. Ip Yeung See-ming, Christine*(3)	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	144
Mr. Lam Kwok-fung, Kenny*	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	144
Mr. Lee Yau-tat, Samuel*	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	144
Mr. Peter Kung*	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	42
	2,478	15,233	4,300	897	186	-	1,614	24,708	14,133
				1					
2022	2,508	9,201	1,500	689	182	-	53		

^{*} Independent Non-Executive Director

⁽¹⁾ Appointed on 15 February 2023

⁽²⁾ Resigned with effect from 1 March 2023

⁽³⁾ Retired with effect from 1 November 2022

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

41 Benefits and interests of directors (continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

During the years ended 30 June 2023 and 2022, no director:

- received any emoluments from SHKP, the ultimate holding company of the Company, in respect of their services to the Group;
- waived any right to receive emoluments; or
- received any amounts as inducement to join the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

In addition to the above emoluments, directors were granted share awards under the Company's share award scheme. The details of these benefits in kind are disclosed under the section "Share award scheme" in the Report of the Directors and note 36.

(b) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

42 Ultimate holding company

The directors consider the ultimate holding company at 30 June 2023 to be Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with its shares listed on the main board of SEHK.